Norway in America

The purpose of the exhibit is to document post office names in North America with Norwegian or Norse origin.

The scope is to investigate the origin of the post office names in the United States and Canada, and to include mail from post offices with name originating from Norwegian place-names, named after, or named by Norwegian immigrants, or with other documented relationship to Norway.



Martin Ulvestad: "Norge i Amerika med kart" (1901). The red color shows "Norway in America".

This PH 2C exhibit is structured chronologically with the combined development of North America and the Norwegian immigration. Within each main section the post offices are presented by year of establishment.

1. Early influence and early immigration There was Norwegian emigration to North America already in the 1600s. Many sailors on Dutch vessels came from Norway, and Norwegians took part in the Dutch colonization of New Amsterdam,

later re-named New York. There are also examples of early post office names related to Norway without any identified connection to immigration.

2. Organized immigration commences; Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa Organized emigration from Norway started 1825 with 52 Quakers and dissidents. They, and others who followed, were first established in western New York. Many travelled onwards to Illinois, Iowa or to Wisconsin which was a center for Norwegian-Americans up to the Civil War 1861-1865.

Minnesota opens up Norwegian settlers ventured further westwards from the mid-1850s, to Minnesota, "the Glorious new Scandinavia".

4. Homesteading in the Dakotas Dakota was opened to settlers from 1863, and many land-hungry Norwegian immigrants were established here from the 1870s onwards.

5. Exploring higher and wider horizons Norwegian settlements also developed in Michigan, Montana, Washington, Alaska and Texas, and to a smaller degree also scattered over most of the United States.

6.	Opportunities in Canada	16
	Norwegian Canadians are found throughout the entire country but with a concentration on the prairies of	
	Western Canada. Concluding with the northernmost and southernmost Norway-related post offices found.	

Total Western Canada. Concluding with the northernmost and southernmost Norway-related post offices found. 128

Main sources: Richard W. Helbock: *United States Post Offices*, vol I-VIII (1999-2007)

Warren Upham: Minnesota Place Names (3rd edition 2001)
Douglas A. Wick: North Dakota Place Names (1988)
Martin Ulvestad: Nordmændene i Amerika; deres Historie og Rekord (1907)

Own research: Published in Norvegiana-Nytt, Norvegiana Nyhetsbrev and in particular my own website (with Dag Henriksbø): Norway in America, Post office names in USA and Canada with Norwegian origin www.slettebo.no/norway-in-america (from 2021)

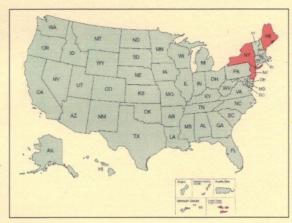


32

Early influence and early immigration

1700's – Norway was closely allied to Holland. The early Norwegian immigrants came across in Dutch ships and settled in the Dutch colony known as New Netherland. A few Norway-related post office names are documented.

Early 1800's – A few Norway-related post office names are found, without documented connection to immigration. The earliest considerable group of Norwegian immigrants who in 1825 arrived on the sloop *Restauration* settled in Kendall, Orleans County, NY, but without naming post offices there.



Norway was together with Denmark in the West Indies, and post offices named after the Danish-Norwegian Royal family are found in today's U.S. Virgin Islands.

Norway, ME, 1801-date

Norway is a town in Oxford Co., Maine. It was settled after 1786 and incorporated in 1797 as Norway. The town had petitioned to be named Norage, which is Native American for falls. It is interesting to note that Denmark and Sweden are nearby towns and are established shortly after Norway, ME. The population was 5,014 at the 2010 census. The Norway, ME post office was established 1801 and it is still in operation.

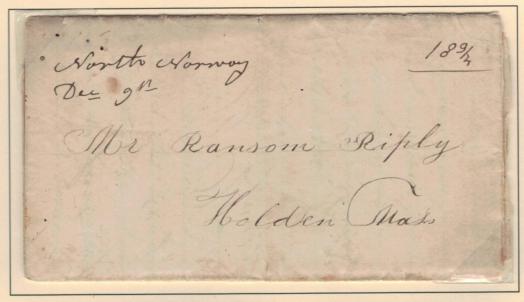
This the earliest reported U.S. post office with name related to Norway.



Letter dated Jan 13, 1846 with circular datestamp "NORWAY Me JAN 14", to Easton, Pennsylvania. 10¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters for distances above 300 miles 1 July 1845 - 30 June 1851. Forwarded to Bound Brook, NJ, corrected to neighboring Plainfield, NJ with additional 5¢ (total postage 15¢) and circular datestamp "EASTON Pa FEB 1".

Early influence and early immigration

North Norway is located on the northern outskirts of Norway which is a town in Oxford Co., ME. The North Norway, ME post office operated from 1824 to 1868, was re-opened same year and finally closed 1901 with mail to Norway. See Norway, ME for the origin of the place name.



Manuscript "North Norway Dec 9th" on letter to Holden, Mass., contents dated Norway, Nov 30, 1842. Postage annotation "18 ³/₄". 18 ³/₄ ¢ per oz. for domestic letters for distances 151-400 miles, from 1827 to 30 June 1845.

Norway Lake, ME, 1881-1944

Located in the Oxford Hills of Maine, Norway Lake is the common name for Lake Pennesseewassee which has been used for both recreation and in support of local industry in Norway, ME (Oxford Co.). The Norway Lake, ME post office opened 1881. See Norway, ME for the origin of the place name. Closed 1944 with mail to Norway.



Circular datestamp "NORWAY LAKE, ME. OCT 19 1883" on cover to Boston, MA. 2¢ per ½ oz for domestic postcards from 1 Oct 1883 to 30 Jun 1885.

1

Norway is a town in Herkimer Co., NY. Norway was formed 1792 immediately after the creation of Herkimer Co. The reason for the name is unknown. In 1825, the town's population was 1,168, down to 762 in the 2010 census. The Norway, NY post office was established 1813. It closed 1929 with mail to Newport.



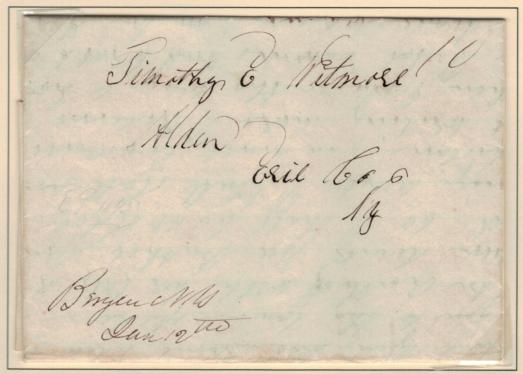
Manuscript "Norway Dec 31" on letter dated 1829 to Trenton, Oneida Co., NY.

Manuscript "6" denotes postage.

6¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters for distances up to 30 miles, from 1827 to 30 June 1845.

Bergen, NY, 1814-date

Bergen is a town in Genesee Co., NY. The community was named for the city in Norway. The Bergen, NY post office opened in 1814 with Colonel W. H. Ward being the first postmaster. The post office is still in operation. The population was 3,120 at the 2010 census.

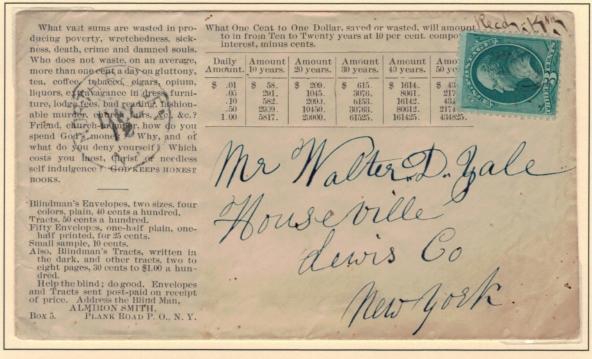


Manuscript "Bergen NY Jan 12th" on letter dated 1843 to Alden, Erie Co., NY.
Manuscript "10" denotes postage.

10¢/oz for domestic letters for distances 30-80 miles, from 1827 to 30 June 1845.

1

North Bergen, NY is a hamlet in northwest corner of the town of Bergen in Genesee Co., NY. The name has the same origin as Bergen, NY. The North Bergen, NY post office was established 1833. It was discontinued 1903, superseded by rural delivery from Bergen.



Circular datestamp "NORTH BERGEN NY DEC 12" and target killer on letter to Houseville, NY, unknown year (postage stamp issued 1870).

3¢ per ½ ounce for letters within USA (regardless of distance) from 1 Jul 1863 to 1 Oct 1883.

West Bergen, NY, 1841-1931

West Bergen is a hamlet near the western town line of the town of Bergen in Genesee County, NY. The name has the same origin as Bergen, NY. The West Bergen, NY post office opened 1841 and closed 1931 with mail to Bergen.



Manuscript postmark "WEST BERGEN NY / MAY 1862" on cover to Darien, NY. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters for distances less than 3000 miles 1 July 1851 to 1 Jul 1863.

Early influence and early immigration

1

Normans Kill (Noormans Kil in Dutch, the Norwegian's Creek) in Albany Co., NY is named for Albert Andriessen Bradt. He was born c.1610 in Fredrikstad, Norway and was **one of the first Scandinavians** to the Dutch colony of New Netherland, today's New York. A post office was established 1852, named Norman's Kill after the creek and community. William Henry Slingerland, was first postmaster. The post office changed name 1873 to Slingerland's, later to Slingerlands and it is still in operation.



Manuscript "Normans Kill FEB 26" on cover to Albany, NY. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters from 1 Jul 1863 to 30 Sep 1883.

Valhalla, NY, 1861-date

Valhalla is a hamlet located within the town of Mount Pleasant, in Westchester Co., NY. Its population was 3,162 at the 2010 U.S. Census. The name comes from Valhalla, the hall of slain warriors in Norse mythology. The Valhalla, NY post office opened 1861 and it is still in operation. Its population was 3,162 at the 2010 U.S. Census.

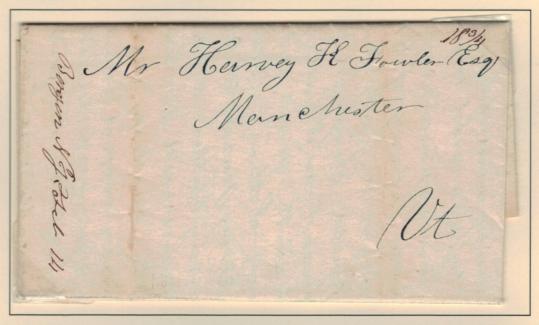


Circular datestamp "VALHALLA N.Y. MAR 30" and solid black killer on postal card to Lee, Berkshire Co., MA; the message mentions 1881.

1¢ for domestic postal cards from 12 May 1878 to 1 Nov. 1917.

1

Bergen township existed in New Jersey from 1661 to 1862, first as part of New Netherland, then as part Bergen Co., and later as part of Hudson Co. The origin of the name of Bergen, NJ is debated. Several sources attribute the name to Hans Hansen Bergen, a native of Norway, who arrived 1633 as one of the earliest settlers of New Amsterdam (now New York City). Others say that the name is derived from Bergen op Zoom, the Netherlands. The Bergen, NJ post office operated 1833-1853 and 1865-1873.



The first Bergen, NJ post office: Manuscript "Bergen NJ Feb 14" on letter to Manchester, VT, dated Bergen Heights, North Bergen, NJ Feb 13, 1843. Manuscript "18¾" denotes postage. 18¾ ¢/oz for domestic letters for distances 151-400 miles, from 1827 to 30 June 1845.

Bergenfield, NJ, 1833-date

Bergenfield is a borough in Bergen Co., NJ, with population 26,764 as of the 2010 US Census. Initially called Bergen Fields, the borough was named for its location in Bergen County. The Bergen part of the name has the same origin as Bergen, NJ. The Bergenfield, NJ post office opened 1833 and it is still in operation.



Machine cancel "BERGENFIELD N.J. JUN 7 1932" on postcard to Catskill, NY. 1¢ overfranked for the 1¢ domestic postcard rate 1928-1952.

The United States purchased the Danish West Indies from Denmark 1917 and renamed them U.S. Virgin Islands.

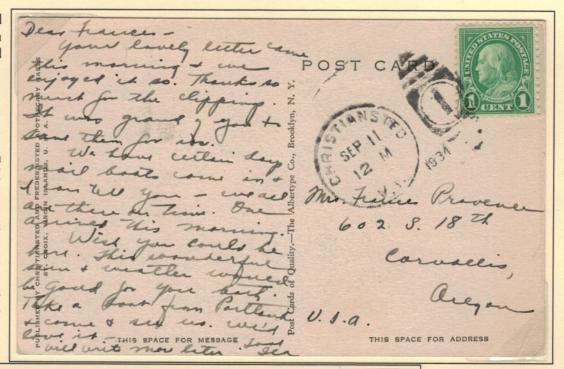
Christiansted, VI (1856-) 1917-date

1

Christiansted is named in honor of King Christian VI of Denmark - Norway.

The p.o. operated from 1856. Postcard sent from "CHRISTIANSTED V.I. SEP 11, 1934" to Corvallis, OR.

1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 July 1928 to 31 Dec 1951.



PLEASE WRITE OR PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLEASE WRITE OR PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLEASE WRITE OR PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS PLEASE WOLS A. U.S.A. STATE POST OFFICE RURAL ROUTE BOX 15 A KERY RETTS. NORTH PHILADELPHIA STATION NORTH PHILADELPHIA STATION

Frederiksted, VI, (1856-) 1917-date

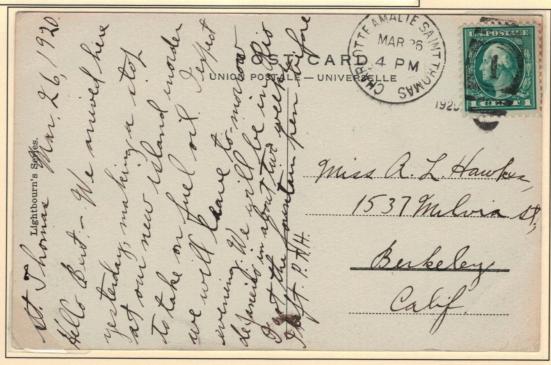
Frederiksted is named in honor of King Frederik V of Denmark - Norway. The post office operated from 1856. Air mail letter from "FREDERIKSTED V.I., MAR 9, 1948" to Philadelphia, PA. 5¢/oz for domestic air mail 1 Oct 1946 to 31 Dec 1948.

Charlotte Amalie, VI, 1917-1921, 1936-date

Charlotte Amalie is named after Queen Charlotte Amalie, married to King Christian V of Denmark-Norway. The post office operated from 1856 under the name Saint Thomas, changed to Charlotte Amalie 1917, back to St. Thomas 1921, and again to Charlotte Amalie from 1936.

Postcard from "CHAR-LOTTE AMALIE, SAINT THOMAS MAR 26, 1920" to Berkeley, CA.

1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1919 - 14 April 1925.



2a

Organized immigration commences; Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa

The earliest considerable group of Norwegian immigrants who in 1825 arrived on the sloop *Restauration* settled in Kendall, Orleans County, New York. No Norwegian post office names are documented here.

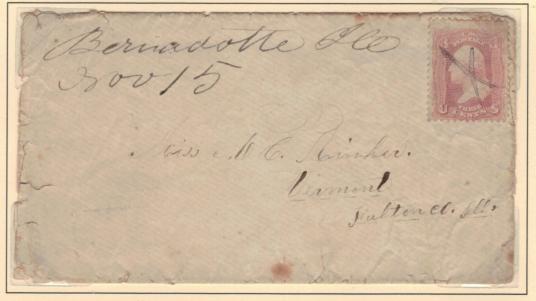
The trend of Norwegian settlement in the United States was to turn, within a decade after 1825, almost entirely toward the regions west of Lake Michigan. Most of the sloopers migrated to Illinois in 1836 as a prelude to the main Norwegian settlement in America.



Illinois - The Sloopers go West

Bernadotte, IL, 1837-1905

Bernadotte is a community located in Fulton Co., IL. When a post office was established here 1833 it was known as Bennington. The reason is not known, but in 1837 Bennington was re-named Bernadotte. Bernadotte is the family name of the then Norwegian-Swedish royal family. The post office was discontinued in 1905, superseded by rural delivery from Ipava. Until the early 1940s, the town had a population of about four hundred people, and well under one hundred today.



Manuscript postmark "Bernadotte Ill Nov 15" on letter to Vermont, IL. Pen ink cross on the postage stamp. Unknown year, postage stamp issued 1861, and likely from one of these periods: 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters for distances <3000 miles from 1 April 1855 to 30 June 1863. 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters (regardless of distance) from 1 July 1863 to 1 Oct 1883.

Norway is an unincorporated community in LaSalle Co., IL, founded 1834 by Cleng Peerson in the area known as the Fox River Settlement. The village was the early centre of Norwagian immigration. The Mount Knickerbocker post office was established 1843, and changed name to Norway 1846. It closed 1906, superseded by rural delivery from Sheridan. Today Norway is the site of the State of Illinois Norwagian Settlers Memorial.



"NORWAY IL SEPT 19" cds and target killer on letter to Geneseo, IL. On reverse transit "SHERIDAN IL SEP 19" and receiving "GENESEO ILL. SEP 20". The postage rate was 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters 8 June 1872 to 30 Sep. 1883.

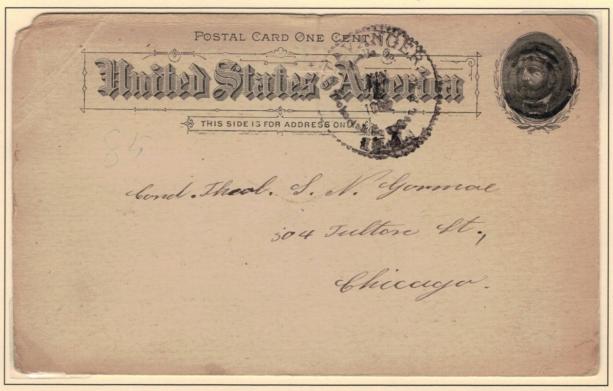
Odin, IL, 1858-date

Odin is a village in Marion Co., IL. It was named for Odin, the principal god of Norse mythology. There were Scandinavian settlers in the area. The Odin, IL post office opened in 1858 and it is still in operation. The population was 1,122 at the 2000 census.



Manuscript postmark "Odin III Dec 14 / 58" on letter to Morris Town, NJ., pen ink cancellation on the postage stamp. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters distances up to 3,000 miles from 1 Jul 1851 to 1 Jul 1863.

Stavanger is an unincorporated community in LaSalle Co., IL. It was named for Stavanger, Norway. The Stavanger, IL post office opened 1887 with Zachariah Severson postmaster, and it closed 1903.



Sawtooth cds "STAVANGER ILL. La Salle Co. Zachariah Severson, P.M. JUN 2 1892" and 4-ring target killer on postal card to Minneapolis MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards from 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Helmar, IL, 1894-1912

Helmar is a populated place in Kendall Co., IL. The village of Helmar was platted 1899. It was first called North Prairie, but due to duplicate name, a vote was taken and it was decided to name the village Helmar, in honor of Hjalmar Anderson, a Norwegian immigrant. The Helmar, IL post office operated 1894-1912.



Six-bar double-ring postmark "HELMAR ILLS. 1911" on postcard sent locally. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Pioneering Wisconsin

Within four years of the migration of the sloopers from New York to Illinois, Norwegian settlement had turned definitely into Wisconsin following the direction of the larger westward movement of American population. By 1850 there were 9,467 Norwegians in Wisconsin, up to 29,557 by 1860, and by 1870 they numbered 59,619. The Norwegians have been, from the first, the most numerous of the three Scandinavian groups in Wisconsin.

Christiana, WI, 1846-1885

Christiana, township and post office in Dane Co., WI. The post office opened 1846, named by Gunnul Olson Vindæg in honor of Christiania (now Oslo), the capital of Norway, his native land. William M. Mayhew first postmaster. Changed name to Rockdale 1885, rural station of Cambridge 1955.

"CHRISTIANA, WIS. JUL 14" cds on letter to Janesville, WI. Unknown year, postage stamp issued 1851.

3¢ per ½ oz for distances up to 3000 miles from 1 July 1851 to 1 July 1863.



Scandinavia, WI, 1856-date

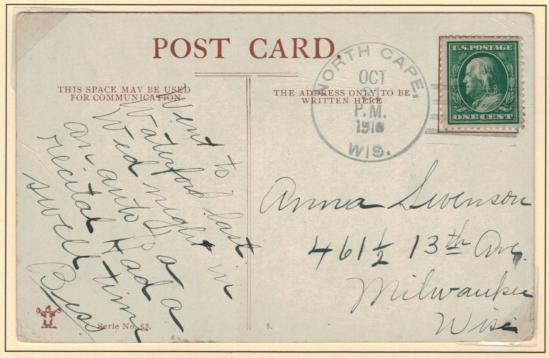
Scandinavia, town in Waupaca Co., WI. Its first settlers came 1853, only two years after the first white had settled in Waupeca, and the name was selected the same year. The Norwegian settlers many wanted a Norwegian name, but since there were two Danes and a Swede in the community they agreed it might be all right to pick a more inclusive name, such as Scandinavia. The Scandinavia, WI post office opened 1856 and it is still in operation. The population was 328 at the 2010 census.

"SCANDINAVIA, WIS. APR 12 1909", 4-bar handstamp on postcard sent locally.

1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.



North Cape is a community in Baymond Twp., Racine Co., WI. Mons Knudson Aadland came 1837 from Norway on bark $\mathcal{E}gir$, and settled 1840 in Racine county, buying a farm of 160 acres. This part of the settlement became known as North Cape, named after the famous landmark in northern Norway. The North Cape, WI post office was established 1858 with Knut Adland postmaster. Discontinued 1917, superseded by Rural Delivery from Franksville.



4-bar handstamp "NORTH CAPE, WIS. OCT 31 1910" on postcard to Milwaukee, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Ephraim, WI, 1861-date

Ephraim is a village in Gibralter Twp., Door Co., WI. It was founded by Norwegian Moravians led by the Rev. Andreas (Andrew) Iverson. Iverson suggested several biblical names, from which the congregation chose Ephraim, which appears in both the Old and New Testament, and has been associated with 'fruitful'. The Ephraim, WI post office opened 1861 with Hans P. Jacobs as postmaster and it is still in operation.



Doane handstamp (type 2, no. 3) "EPHRAIM, WIS. JUL 6 1911" on cover to Chicago, IL. 2¢/oz for domestic letters from 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Grantsburg, town and county seat in Burnett Co., WI. Founded by Canute Anderson who emigrated from Norway 1851, and named for General Ulysses S. Grant. The post office was established 1862 as Wood River, moved/changed 1867 to Grantsburgh with William Forsell postmaster, changed to Grantsburg 1893. It is still in service. Population 1,384 in 2019.



4-bar handstamp "GRANTSBURG, WIS. JUN 26 1908" on postcard to Hammond, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Esofea, WI, 1868-1905

Esofea, post office in Jefferson Twp., Vernon Co., WI. Even Larson Tomten was born 1842 in Biri, Norway, emigrated 1850, and the family modified their name from Tømten to Tomtengen after a while in America. Local accounts are that Tomtengen, who kept a general store from the mid-1860s, created the post office name by combining the E from Even with a respelling of Sophia, reportedly the name of a family member. The post office was established 1868 with Even Larson postmaster (he did not use the Tomten/Tomtengen name then), was discontinued 1869, re-established 1870, and closed 1905, superseded by rural delivery from Westby.

	The Postmaster making up Registered Letters, &c., for dispatch, will fill up the other side of this Bill, and write the name of his Post Office. County, and State in the blank address on this side. The Postmaster receiving this Bill in Registered Package will at once compare entries with letters, &c., inclosed; make entries on record of registered matter received; stamp postmark below; sign this Bill on other side, noting any errors, and return it to the maiking Post Uffice without cover. A penalty of \$300 is fixed by law for using this card on other than official business.
11	Fost Office Department. Solda. Vis - Stamp here name of Post Office at Sta
	Postmaster at Marrin Muss
	Postmaster at Narra Muss County of Moure State of Mo

Single line handstamp "Esofea, Wis - Dec. 2 1887" on registry bill card from Warren Mills.

Received "WARREN MILLS DEC 6 1887" on reverse.

2b

Nora is a community in Cottage Grove Twp., Dane Co., WI. It was "a very Norwegian settlement", and Andrew A. Prescott, the first postmaster, sought a Norwegian name for the office and created Nora, a name intended to suggest Norway. The Nora, WI post office was established 1869, discontinued 1892, re-established 1893 and finally discontinued 1902 with mail to Deerfield.



Circular datestamp "NORA WIS. DEC 20 1899" and 4-ring killer on cover to Rockdale, WI. 2¢/oz for domestic letters from 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norway Ridge, WI, 1874-1917

Norway Ridge is a community in Scott Twp., Monroe Co., WI. The reason for its name is not known. The Norway Ridge, WI p.o. was established 1874 with William H.H. Dodge postmaster. Discontinued 1917 with mail to Valley Junction.



4-bar handstamp "NORWAY RIDGE, WIS. SEP 6 1910" on postcard to Tomah, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Holmen is a village in Holland Twp., La Crosse Co., WI. Norwegian immigrants settled this area in 1862, first called Frederickstown and later Cricken. The post office was established 1875 as Holmen, with Carl August Sjolander postmaster, dealer in general stock, born in Løyten, Norway 1851 and came 1865 to America. The name "Holmen" is a Norwegian word and translates to islet (a small island). Another source says it is named for a Mr. Holmen who in 1851 was one of a group that surveyed the territory and later became state senator on Indiana. The p.o. is still in operation.



Circular datestamp "HOLMEN, WIS. MAR 15 1890" and 4-ring killer on letter to Duluth, MN. 2¢ per ounce for domestic letters from 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

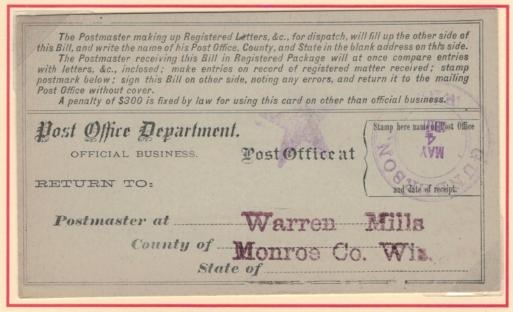
Westby, WI, 1879-date

Westby, city in Christiana Twp., Vernon Co., WI. Norwegian immigrants settled 1848 in the area. In 1867, Ole T. Westby (born 1840 Norway) built a general store here. In 1879 the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad completed its branch line from Sparta to Viroqua, chose this site for a station and named it for Ole T. Westby. The village was incorporated 1896 and became a city 1920. The Westby, WI post office opened 1879 with Iver A. Johnson postmaster and it is still in operation. The current population of Westby is still mostly Norwegian and counted 2,200 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp "WESTBY WIS. MAR 31 1900" on postal card to Wonewoc, WI. 1¢ for domestic postal cards from 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Gunderson was a post office in Cable Twp., Bayfield Co., WI., established 1880 and named for Lars L. Gunderson, representative to Wisconsin State Legislature, born 1850 in Brandval near Kongsvinger, Norway. Name-change to Cable 1882, closed 1883, re-established 1884 and still in service.



Two-ring cds "GUNDERSON, WIS. 4 MAY 1881" and star killer on registry bill card from Warren Mills.

Gunderson & Hudson, WI R.P.O. 1882-(1884)

The railway from Hudson to the booming city of Cable was completed 1880 and a railway post office operated on the 121 miles line. It was established 4 Sep 1882 as Gunderson & Hudson R.P.O. and name-change already from 26 Oct 1882 to Cable & Hudson R.P.O. The Gund. & Hudson R.P.O. postmark was used at least until 1884 when the R.P.O. was extended to Bayfield-Hudson.



Circular datestamp "GUND. & HUDSON R.P.O. FEB 9 1884" and cork killer on letter to Hammond, WI. 2¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters from 1 Oct 1883 to 1 July 1885.

2b

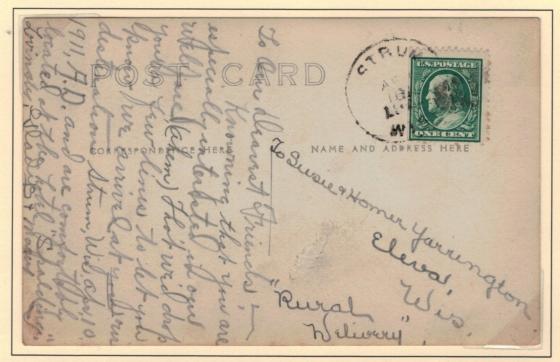
Eidsvold is a community in Thorp Twp., Clark Co., WI. Named for Eidsvoll, Norway where the Constitution of Norway was signed in 1814. The Eidsvold, WI post office was established 1884 with Jacob Bye postmaster. Closed 1903, re-established 1905 and 1906 superseded by R.D. from Stanley.



Circular datestamp "EIDSVOLD WIS. OCT 31 1892" on postal card to Eau Claire, WI. 1¢ for domestic postal cards from 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Strum, WI, 1885-date

Strum is a village in Trempealeau Co., WI, along the Buffalo River. The area was first settled by New Englanders and the place was called Tilden. Then in the 1860s Norwegians moved in. Strum is named in honor of Louis Strum of Eau Claire. He was born 1848 in Alvdal, Norway, his Norwegian name being Lars Ellefsen Strømmen, and he came 1869 to Wisconsin via Quebec. The Strum, WI post office was established 1885 with storekeeper Ole Kittleson first postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 1,114 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp "STRUM WIS. APR 10 1911" and cork killer on Strum viewcard to Eleva, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

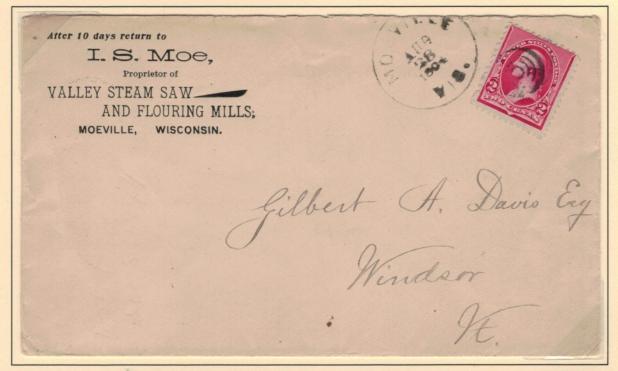
Northland is a community located in Waupaca Co., WI within the town of Harrison. It was named by Norwegian settlers. The Northland, WI post office was established 1890 with postmaster Ole Amundsen Buslett (1855-1924), author, newspaperman and politician. He was born in Gausdal, Norway and migrated to the U.S.A. with his family in 1868. The post office was discontinued 1938, superseded by R.D. from Iola.



4-bar handstamp "NORTHLAND, WIS. DEC 24 1913" on postcard to Iola, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

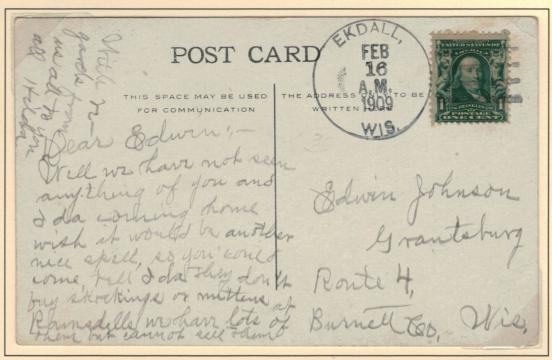
Moeville, WI, 1891-1902

Moeville is a community in Trimbelle Twp., Pierce Co., WI. It was named by and for Ingvar S. Moe who came from Norway in 1883, purchased timber land here and opened a sawmill and built a feed mill and flour mill as well. The Moeville, WI post office opened 1891 with Mr. Moe postmaster. Closed 1902, superseded by R.D. from Ellsworth.



Circular datestamp "MOEVILLE, WIS. AUG 28 1894" on postmaster Ingvar S. Moe's cover to Windsor, VT. 2¢ per ounce for domestic letters from 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Ekdall. West Marshland Twp., Burnett Co., WI. There are two accounts of the origin of the name: It was populated by a large group of Swedish people who gave the name to the post office; Ole Johanson wanted the post office to be called Meadow Hill, but more people liked Ekdall because there are so many oak trees in that area; Ekdall means "oak valley" in Swedish as well as in Norwegian. The version is that Norwegian settlers claimed this location and Even Ryen named it Ekdall after a farm in Norway. Ulvestad (1906) says the place name is Norwegian.



4-bar handstamp "EKDALL, WIS. FEB 16 1909" on postcard to Grantsburg, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Klevenville, WI, 1891-1952

Klevenville is a community located in the town/Township of Springdale, Dane Co., WI. It was named for first postmaster, carpenter and storekeeper Iver Kleven who settled here in 1869. He was born in Norway around 1835. The post office was established 1882 as Bluff, with Albert K. Sorenson postmaster. Name-change 1891 to Klevenville, and discontinued 1952, superseded by rural delivery from Mount Horeb.



4-bar postmark "KLEVENVILLE, WIS. DEC 24 1917" on Christmas card to Mount Horeb, WI. 2¢ for domestic postcards from 2 Dec 1917 to 30 June 1919 (WW I emergency rate increase).

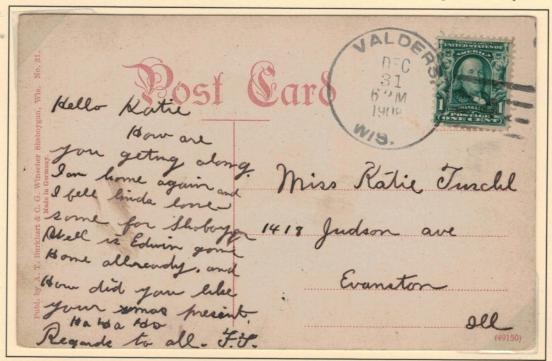
Rosholt is a village in Alban Twp., Portage Co., WI, named for John Gilbert Rosholt who built the first sawmill in town. He was son of Jacob and Johanna Rosholt, who came to Wisconsin from Røsholt near Kongsberg, Norway. The Rosholt, WI post office opened 1893 with Jens P. Hausen as postmaster. It is still in operation. Population 506 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp "ROSHOLT WIS. APR 7 1894" and target killer on postal envelope to La Crosse, WI. 2¢ per ounce for domestic letters from 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Valders, WI, 1897-date

Valders is a village in Cato Twp., Manitowoc Co., WI, settled from 1840 to 1860 by immigrants from the Valdres mountainous region of Norway, and many of the immigrants came from the valleys of Vestre Slidre and Øystre Slidre. Valders did not really develop as a village until the arrival of the railroad in 1896, the traditional year of its founding. The Valders, WI post office opened 1897 with Otto G. Berge as postmaster. It is still in operation. Population 962 in 2010.



Doane handstamp (type 3, no. 4) "VALDERS, WIS. DEC 31 1908" on postcard to Evanston, IL. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

2b

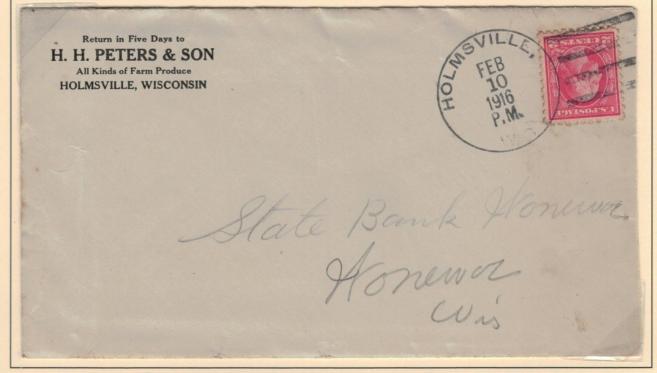
Larsen is a community in Clayton Twp., Winnebago Co., WI. Originally called Lee's Crossing as the land was owned by Halvor Lee. The Chicago and North Western Railroad crossed the highway here and established a flag stop. About 1888 Philip Larsen (born Norway 1834) built a small grocery store, and the name was changed to Larsen. The Larsen, WI post office opened 1898 with Lars C. Nelson first postmaster, and it is still in operation.



Doane handstamp (type 3, no. 2) "LARSEN, WIS. JUL 13 1907" as receiving postmark on postcard from Oshkosh, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Holmsville, WI, 1915-1927

Holmsville, Strongs Prairie Twp., Adams Co., WI. Christian C. Holm, recently arrived from Norway, laid out the community of Holmsville. The post office opened 1915 with Leon Gross postmaster. Name-change to Dellwood 1927, converted to rural branch 1966 and later to a CPO.



4-bar handstamp "HOLMSVILLE, WIS. FEB 10 1916" on letter to Wonewoc, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards from 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

On to Iowa

By 1839 Hans Barlien and William Tesman chose land in Lee Co., Iowa Territory. The migration of settlers from Norway to the so-called Sugar Creek settlement followed. The main stream of Norwegian migration was following paths far to the north of Sugar Creek, and many from the first Iowa settlement of Norwegians ultimately rejoined their fellows in northern Iowa. In the 1850s the number of Norwegians coming to Iowa increased dramatically.

Saint Ansgar, IA, 1855-date

St. Ansgar is a city in Mitchell Co., IA., named for the patron saint of Scandinavia and the site of pioneer Norwegian Lutheran Church founded 1853 by Rev. Claus Lauritz Clausen, who was commissioned by the Lutheran Church of Norway to form congregations for Norwegian immigrants Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota. The population was 1,107 at the 2010 census. The St. Ansgar, IA post office opened 1855 and it is still in operation.



"SAINT ANSGAR, IOWA FEB 14 1912" duplex cancel on postcard to Monroe Center, IL. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jul 1898 - 1 Nov 1917.

Dalby, IA, 1869-1887



Dalby is a community in Center Twp., Allamakee Co., IA. It was named for Dalby in Ringsaker, Hedmark, Norway, where the Rev. Ove Jacob Hjort had lived with his family before emigrating to America 1862. A post office opened 1869 in Dalby, with Halvor Olson postmaster – he was from Norway. It was discontinued in 1887 with mail to Waukon.

Circular datestamp "DALBY, IOWA. DEC 27" on cover to Flandreau, Dakota Territory. "FLANDREAU DAKOTA DEC 30 1881" on reverse,

3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1863 to 30 Sept 1883. Saint Olaf is a city in Clayton Co., IA. St. Olaf was founded in 1872, and incorporated 1900 as a town. It was named by Norwegian settlers for Olaf II Haraldson (995-1030), later known as St. Olaf, King of Norway 1015-30 who consolidated the kingdom and aided the establishment of Christianity. He is the patron saint of Norway. The Saint Olaf, IA post office opened 1874 with Henry H. Storm first postmaster and is still in operation. The population was 108 at the 2010 census.



Doane handstamp (type 3, no. 4) "SAINT OLAF, IOWA. SEP 20 1910" on postcard to Portland, OR. 2¢ per ounce for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Sheldahl, IA, 1874-date

Sheldahl is a city in Polk, Boone, and Story counties, IA. The area was settled 1855 by 120 Norwegian immigrants from Lisbon, IL; including Osmond and Anna Sheldahl from Etne and five of their children. It was incorporated 1882 as a city. The Sheldahl, IA post office opened 1874 with Oley Nelson first postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 319 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp "SHELDAHL, IOA. JAN 12 1884" and target killer on letter to Earlville, IL. 2¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters 1 Oct 1883 to 30 June 1885.

Quandahl is a ghost town in Waterloo Twp., Allamakee Co., IA. Nels J. and Julia Quandahl arrived in the early 1870s; they came from Kvanndal, Norway. Nels bought the country store, and under his management, it became one of the best businesses in the area. When Nels became postmaster, the community was named Quandahl. The Quandahl, IA post office opened 24 July 1877, temporarily closed 31 Aug to 18 Sep 1877, and closed in 1906, superseded by rural delivery from Worcester. The entire village was auctioned in 1966.



Circular datestamp "QUANDAHL IOA. FEB 27 1884" and target killer on uprated postal envelope to Norway. 5¢ per 15g for foreign letters 1 July 1875 to 30 Jun 1892.

Saude, IA, 1877-1915

In 1854, a Norwegian settlement had been established in Utica Twp., Chickasaw Co., IA, at what was then known as the Little Turkey River Settlement, and later to be named Saude by the Norwegian settlers. They came to this area in ox-drawn prairie schooners. Most of the settlers were born in Telemark, Norway, and Saude in Telemark is today called Sauherad. The Saude, IA post office opened 1877 and closed 1915, superseded by rural delivery from Lowler.



Circular datestamp "SAUDE IOWA. JUL 22 1900" on letter sent locally. 1¢ per ounce for local letters at non-carrier post offices 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norman, Norway Twp., Winnebago Co., IA, a small Norwegian community and named for its township. The post office opened 1880 with Ole Scar as postmaster. Scarville, IA further west in this township was named for him. The post office closed 1914, superseded by rural delivery from Emmons.



Two-ring datestamp "NORMAN, IOWA APR 1 1886" on postal card to Albert Lea, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norway, IA, 1880-date

Norway is a city in Benton Co., IA. Norway was platted 1863 by Osman Tuttle (born Osmund Endreson Totland in Hjelmeland, Norway). Tuttle donated five acres of ground to the railway company with the condition that the new town should bear the name of his native country. The post office opened 1863 as Florence, changed name 1880 to Norway with Byron B. McQuinn as postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 545 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp "NORWAY IOWA NOV 5 1885" and star killer on postal envelope to Richmont, IL. 2¢ per ounce for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

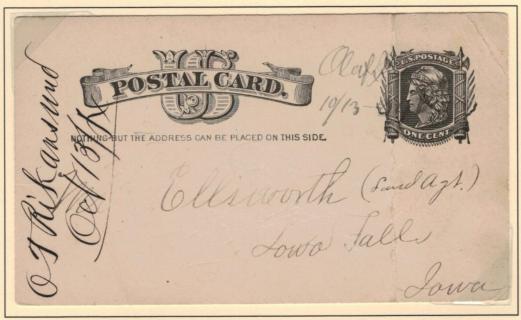
Thor is a city in Humboldt Co., IA. The farming community was originally built up chiefly by Scandinavian immigrants. Settlement of the township started 1869 with the filing of a claim by Ole Willicksen, who was a native of Stavanger, Norway. It was named after the deity Thor in Old Norse mythology. The post office was established as Verbeck 1880 with Stewart Olson postmaster, he was born in Norway. Name-change to Thor was reported 1882, and it is still in operation. The population was 186 at the 2010 census.



Duplex handstamp "THOR IOWA MAR 13 1913" on postcard to Dolliver, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

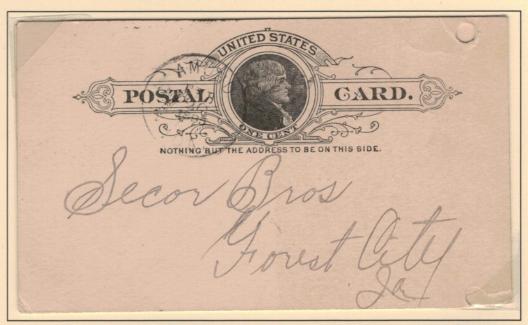
Olaf, IA, 1883-1902 and 1903-1911

Olaf was a community in Wright Co., IA. Norwegian immigrants settled here from 1869, and Olaf is a Norwegian name. The Olaf, IA post office opened 1888 with James Johnson first postmaster, and it closed 1902. Re-established 14 months later, in 1903, with Michael Niemeyer postmaster, and it finally closed 1911, superseded by rural delivery from Belmond.



Manuscript "Olaf, Iowa 10/13-84 X" on postal card to Iowa Falls, IA. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

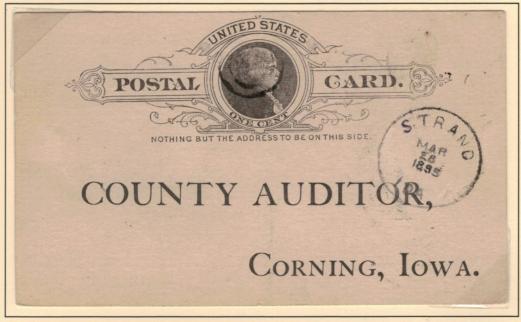
Amund is a community in Eden Twp., Winnebago Co., IA. It was named for postmaster Amund A. Fosnes, born in Norway and came 1867 to the USA. The Amund, IA post office operated from 1888 until it was discontinued 1907, superseded by R.D. from Bricelyn, MN.



Circular handstamp "AMUND IOA FEB 20 1895" on postcard to Forest City, IA. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1875 to 1 Nov 1917.

Strand, IA, 1888-1907

Strand, a Norwegian settlement in Lincoln Twp., Adams Co., IA. The Strand Lutheran congregation was organised 1875, with the Rev. Osmund Sheldahl as the first pastor; he preached in the Norwegian language. Rev. Sheldahl was born Skjeldal, Etne, Norway. Berthel P. Strand was pastor of Strand Lutheran Church 1888-1890 and was appointed postmaster when the Strand p.o. was established 1888. The post office was probably named for the settlement, and it is a coincidence that the postmaster-pastor carried the same name as the settlement. Discontinued 1907, superseded by R.D. from Nodaway.



Circular handstamp "STRAND IOA MAR 26 1895" on postcard to Corning, IA. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1875 to 1 Nov 1917.

Flugstad, railway station and post office established 1890 in Freedom Twp., Webster Co., IA, with Michael H. Murphy as postmaster. The settlement was named for Mathias O. Flugstad, the owner of the land on which the depot was located, he was born 1833 in Norway. The area was transferred 1896 to Hamilton Co. The post office was discontinued 1913, superseded by rural delivery from Duncombe.



4-bar handstamp "FLUGSTAD IOWA DEC 10 1911" on postcard to Stanhope, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Nasset, IA, 1892-1904

Nasset, post office in Glenwood Twp., Winneshiek Co., IA. The post office opened 1892, named for postmaster Hogan O. Nasset. He was born 1864 to Norwegian immigrant parents, the family name was Nesset, from Sogn & Fjordane, Norway. The post office closed 1904 with mail to Washington Prairie.



4-bar handstamp "NASSET IOWA JUN 12 1914" on postal envelope to Marshalltown, IA. 2¢ per oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

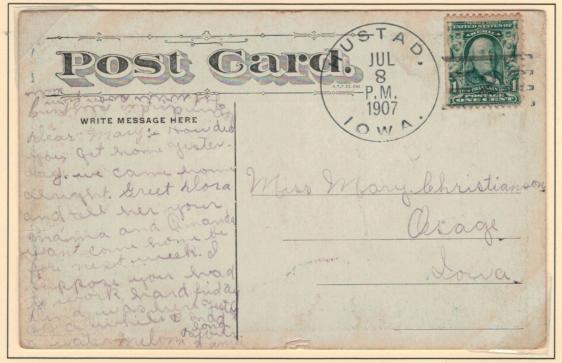
Gunder was a post office in Marion Twp., Clayton Co., IA. It was named for Gunnel Svenson (1816-1879) from Uvdal, Norway. His first name was Gunder, which he Americanized to Gunnel. The post office operated from 1894 with Anton Gunderson postmaster, and was superseded 1913 by R.D. from Postville.



"GUNDER, IOWA. DEC 30 1896" and target killer on postal envelope to Minneapolis, MN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Hustad, IA, 1895-1911

Mona is a community in Otranto Twp., Mitchell Co., IA. The Mona post office opened 1862, and changed name 1895 to Hustad with Jesse P. Farley postmaster. Hustad was named for Peter K. Everson, born Hustad, Hemsedal, Norway. The Hustad, IA post office closed 1911, replaced by rural delivery from Lyle. The population was 34 at the 2010 Census.



Doane handstamp (type 3, no. 2) "HUSTAD, IOWA. JUL 8 1907" on postcard to Osage, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

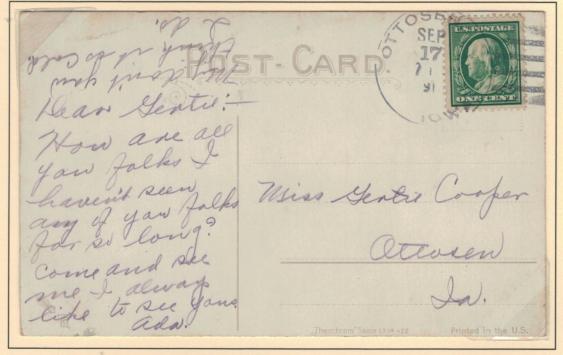
Sattre was a community in Pleasant Twp., Winneshiek Co., IA. A general store exists here today. The place was named for Ole Sattre, born Sætre, Voss, Norway. The Sattre, IA post office opened 1895 with Erik H. Forde first postmaster, and it closed 1914 when replaced by rural delivery with mail to Decorah.



4-bar handstamp "SATTRE, IOWA. MAR 17 1911" on postcard to Locust, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Ottosen, IA, 1895-date

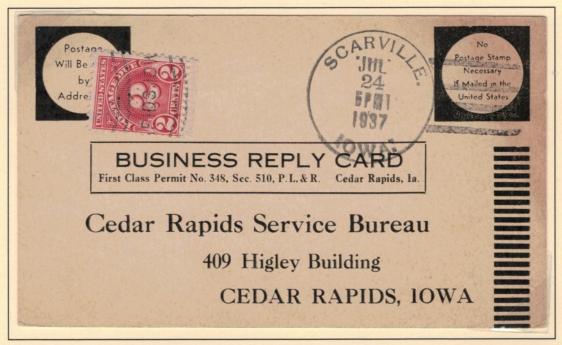
Ottosen is a city in Humboldt Co., IA, named for Christopher Ottosen, born 1858 in Haugesund, Norway. He came to America with his parents in 1867, and to Iowa in 1894. Seeing the possibilities of the area he was instrumental in getting a post office named for him in 1895, he was the first postmaster of Ottosen and became its first mayor. The Ottosen, IA post office opened 1895, and it is still in operation. The population was 55 in the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "OTTOSEN, IOWA. SEP 17 1912" on postcard sent locally. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

2c

Scarville is a city in Winnebago Co., IA. Scarville was platted in 1899 and incorporated as a city in 1904. It was named for Ole Skar, a local landowner, he was from Sør-Aurdal, Norway and came to the USA 1866. The Scarville, IA post office opened 1899 with Thomas J. Folken as postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 72 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "SCARVILLE, IOWA. JUL 24 1937" on business reply card to Cedar Rapids, IA. 2¢ postage due paid by addressee; double the 1¢ rate for domestic postcards 15 April 1925 to 31 Dec 1951.

Scandia, IA, 1910-1918

Scandia was a Rural Station under Madrid p.o., in Boone Co., IA, established 1910. Scandia is both short for Scandinavia, and it has the same root as Skåne, Sweden. Skåne (Scania in English) has the same etymology as Scandinavia. The Madrid p.o. was established 1856 as Swede Point and renamed Madrid in 1882. The Carpenter brothers owned Scandia Coal Company which operated several coal mines in the area. The rural station closed 1918.



4-bar handstamp "MADRID (SCANDIA RURAL STA.), IOWA. DEC 27 1912" on postcard to McClelland, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Minnesota opens up

A Glorious New Scandinavia

Norwegians settled in Minnesota largely in the third quarter of the nineteenth century. The first period was from 1850 to 1865, and the second period from 1866 to the mid-seventies. Numerous stories could be told about the settlements, hardships, Indian treaties, railroads, and progress when the Civil War ended.

Minnesota is the state with by far the highest number of Norway-related post office names.



"What a glorious new Scandinavia might not Minnesota become!... Here the Norwegian would find his rapid rivers... The climate, the situation, the character of the scenery agrees with our people better than that of any other American States..."

(quote from celebrated Swedish novelist Fredrika Bremer, who visited Minnesota 1850).

Newburg / Newburgh / Newburg, MN, 1855-1902

Newburg is a community and township in Fillmore Co., MN. Newburg was first settled 1851, founded and named 1853 by Hans Valder, a native of Norway, who with others came to this place from LaSalle Co., IL. The Newburg, MN post office was established 1855 with Hans Valder as postmaster, changed to Newburgh 1859 and back to Newburg 1895. Discontinued 1902, superseded by rural delivery from Mabel. As of the census of 2000, there were 444 people residing in the township.

Newburg, MN is the oldest Minnesota post office with documented name of Norwegian origin.



Circular datestamp "NEWBURG, MIN. APR 27" and pen ink cross on postal card to Philadelphia, PA. Unknown year, the postal card was issued 1873. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 - 1 Nov 1917.

Peterson is a city in Rushford Twp., Fillmore Co., MN. Named for Peter Peterson Haslerud, who settled here 1853. He was born in Norway 1828, came to the US 1843 and died 1880. The first post office opened 1855, with Knud Peterson postmaster, transferred 1862 to Windom and closed 1865. The current post office opened 1870 with Even A. Hjelle postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 199 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "PETERSON, MINN. Jan 12 1911", note vertical bars, on postcard to Holmen, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norway, MN, 1857-1902

Norway, a village and trading centre in Wanamingo Twp., Goodhue Co., MN. The post office opened 1857 with Ole Olson postmaster. Discontinued 1902 with mail to Kenyon. The site was never platted, and no trace of the community remains.

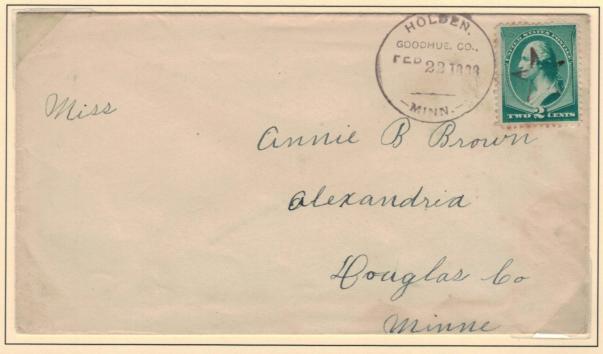


From one Norway to another in 1868

Datestamp "Norway, Minn. Nov 20" (1868) on cover to Wigedal, Norway. New York '6' handstamp, carried by HAPAG Line Germania from New York Dec 1, to Hamburg arriving Dec 15, red boxed "HAMBURG 15 12 68 FRANCO" transit, red 2 ½ Sgr crayon, "STAVANGER 26 12 1868" transit. 1867 U.S. – North German Union Convention, direct mail rate 10¢ to Hamburg and 2 ½ Silbergroschen (6¢) transit to Norway, total 16¢ correct rate, valid from Jan 1, 1868 until the 1875 General Postal Union.

3

Holden is a township in Goodhue Co., MN, settled 1854-55, organized 1858 and named by Norwegian settlers. The first post office operated March to June 1860 on George Nichol's farm; the second post office began 1867 in Thomas E. Lajord's general store, closing 1903, superseded by R.D. from Nerstrand. The population was 457 in 2000.



Datestamp "HOLDEN, GOODHUE CO. -MINN.- FEB 22 1888" and fancy star killer on cover to Alexandria, MN. Postage rate 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Arendahl, MN, 1860-1905

Arendahl is a township in Fillmore Co., MN. First settled 1854 and named by its first postmaster Isaac Jackson, a Norwegian immigrant who had lived 12 years in Dane Co., WI, and came to this township 1856, the name being for the seaport city of Arendal on the southern coast of Norway. The Arendahl, MN post office operated from 1860 until closing 1905, superseded by R.D. from Rushford. The township population was 333 at the 2000 census.



Circular datestamp "ARENDAHL, MINN. AUG 15" and target killer on letter to Peterson, MN. Unknown year, postage stamp issued 1870. 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters 1 July 1863 to 30 Sep 1883.

Minnesota opens up

3

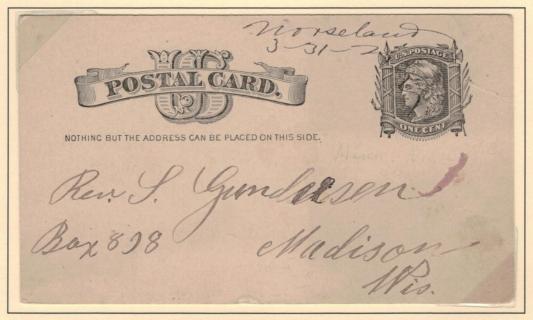
Bratsberg is a community in Norway Twp., Fillmore Co., MN. It bears the name of a district in southern Norway. The farming community began about 1859. The post office was established 1862 in Ole Johnson's shanty, later moving to the Bratsberg Store, with Ole Hendrickson postmaster; the post office changed to a rural station of Rushford 1907, closing 1909.



Circular datestamp and target killer "BRATSBERG, MINN. NOV 5" on postal envelope to Preston, MN. Unknown year, c. 1870s. 3¢ rate for domestic letters 1 July 1851 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norseland, MN, 1865-1905

Norseland is a community in Lake Prairie Twp., Nicollet Co., MN. Norwegian immigrants gave it name. It was first organized 1854 when a small Methodist congregation came to the area. In 1858 a Norwegian Lutheran church was formed, and a community developed with stores, a creamery, and a post office which operated from 1865 until superseded 1905 by rural delivery from Saint Peter.



Manuscript "Norseland 3-31-3" (31 March 1883) on postal card to Madison, WI. 1¢ rate for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norway Lake is a township in Monongalia Co., MN and transferred to Kandiyohi Co. in 1871. The township was organized 1866 and named for its lake. A large share of the early settlers near the lake being natives of Norway caused the name to be selected. The Norway Lake, MN post office was established 1867 and discontinued 1914, superseded by rural delivery from New London. The township population was 284 at the 2000 census.



Circular datestamp "NORWAY LAKE MINN. JAN 7" and target killer on registered uprated postal envelope to Madison, WI. Pencil annotation "87 7/1" indicates that it is from 1887. 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters 1 July 1863 - 30 Sep 1883, 10¢ reg. fee 1 July 1875 - 31 Dec 1892.

Lake Johanna, MN, 1868-1903

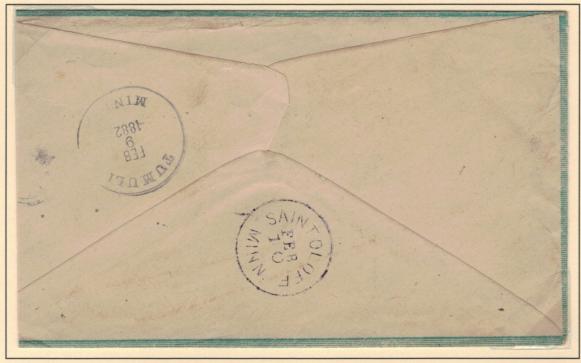
Lake Johanna, township in Pope Co., MN was named by Norwegian settlers. The post office was established 1868 and discontinued 1903 with mail to Brooten.



Cds "LAKE JOHANNA AUG 3 1897" on postal card to Brooten. MN. 1¢ for domestic postral cards from 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

3

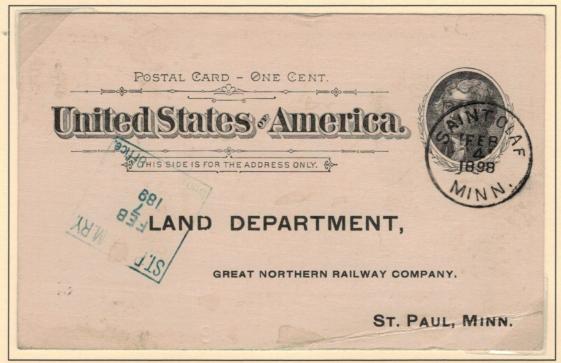
St. Olaf is a township in Otter Tail Co., MN. It was at first called Oxford, but was renamed 1870 in honor of Olaf II Haraldsson (995-1030), later known as Saint Olaf, King of Norway 1015-30 who consolidated the kingdom and aided the establishment of Christianity. He is the patron saint of Norway. The post office opened as Saint Olaf (see below).



Circular datestamp "SAINT OLOFF MINN. FEB 10" (1882) as receiving postmark on cover from Portland, ME to St. Olaf, MN. 1¢/2oz for domestic printed matter 1 Feb 1875 to 1 Apr 1932.

Saint Olaf, MN, 1894-1904

The post office changed spelling from Saint Oloff to Saint Olaf in 1894, and it closed 1904, superseded by rural delivery from Dalton. The township population was 332 at the 2000 census. See above for the origin of the name.



Circular datestamp "SAINT OLAF MINN. FEB 4 1898" on postal card to St. Paul, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Tordenskjold is a township in Otter Tail Co., MN. The name is after Vice-Admiral Peter Wessel Tordenskjold, born in Trondheim, Norway, a Danish-Norwegian naval hero during the Great Northern War. The Tordenskjold, MN post office opened 1870 with Helmer A. Hoff (b. Norway 1838) as postmaster. Superseded 1904 by rural delivery from Dalton. The township population was 550 at the 2000 census.



Manuscript "Tordenskjold Dc 13 Minn." on uprated postal envelope to Norway. 5¢ for single weight foreign first class letters 1 July 1875 to 31 Oct 1953. Unknown year, probably late 1870's: the envelope was issued 1874 and the stamps in 1873.

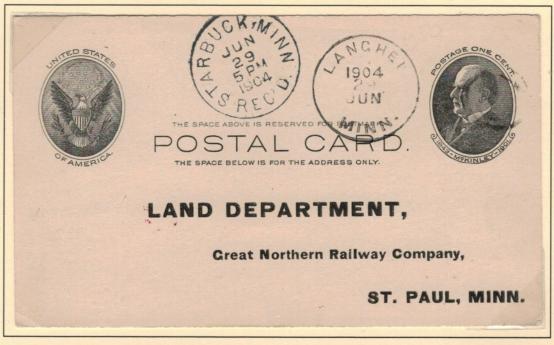
Sunburgh / Sunburg, MN, 1871-date

Sunburg is a city in Norway Lake Twp., Kandiyohi Co., MN. The post office was established 1871 as Sunburgh with Ole Eliasen as postmaster, changing 1894 to the present form. The name was suggested by John Sandvigen, a rural mail carrier, firstly for a locality in Norway, secondly for a strait between two lakes near postmaster Ole Eliason's home, "sund" meaning "strait" in Norwegian. The post office is still in operation.



Cds "SUNBURGH MINN. JAN 4 1889" and target killer on cover to Sand Creek, WI. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Langhei is a township in Pope Co., MN. Langhei is a Norwegian name roughly translating to "long highland", a name which fits well with the landscape in the area. The Langhei, MN post office opened 1871 with Gunder Thoraldson first postmaster, and closed 1904, superseded by rural delivery from Starbuck. The township population was 217 at the 2000 census.



Circular datestamp "LANGHEI MINN. 1904 29 JUN" and target killer on postal card to St. Paul, MN. The card was sent via Starbuck, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Wegdahl, MN, 1871-1957

Wegdahl is a community in Chippewa Co., MN. The village began as Myers for the Myers Creamery but changed to Wegdahl when the post office was established 1871 at postmaster Hemming Arntzen Weghdahl's general store, where it remained until discontinued 1957, becoming a rural station of Montevideo until 1959. Hemming Wegdahl was born in Stjørdal, Norway and came 1867 to the United States.



Manuscript "Wegdahl, Minn. Nov. 7 73." and target killer on postal card to Mazeppa, MN. The message is written in Norwegian. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Aspelund was a farming village in Wanamingo Twp., Goodhue Co., MN, founded by veterinarian and first postmaster Dr. Christian Hveem, its post office operating from 1872. The name given is the Norwegian designation for the grove of aspen or poplar trees near to the village. Dr. Hveem was born 1835 in Norway. Aspelund had a station of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad. The post office was superseded 1905 by rural delivery from Kenyon.



Blue circular datestamp "ASPELUND, MINNESOTA SEP 30 1891" and gridiron killer on letter to Ada, MN. The letter text is written in Norwegian. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Hagan, MN, 1872-1907

Hagan, settlement in Big Bend Twp., Chippewa Co., MN. Hagan was first settled 1869 and is named for brothers Ole K. and Nels K. Hagen from Røldal, Norway. The postal department misspelled their name when Nels Knutson Hagen became first postmaster in 1872. The Hagan, MN post office operated until 1907.



Circular datestamp "HAGAN MINN. NOV 9 1894" and target killer on letter to St. Paul, MN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

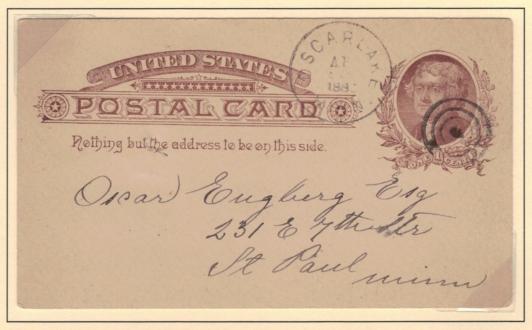
First known locally as Pumpa, so designated by early Norwegian settlers because of the railroad water pump, and then called Upper Yellow Medicine Crossing for its location. It was platted 1876 as Nordland village by the Winona and St. Peter Railroad; located in Eidsvold Twp. When the post office was established 1878 it was given the name Norland (Nordland is also seen), with railroad section boss Harvey D. Frink, postmaster, at his homestead store. Name-change to Minneota 1878 and the post office is still in operation.



Manuscript postmark "Norland 4/28 -76" on postal envelope to Winona, MN. Pen ink cross on the stamp imprint. 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters 1 July 1863 to 30 Sep 1883.

Oscar Lake, MN, 1874-1887

Oscar Lake was a post office in Holmes City Twp., Douglas Co., MN. It was named for Oscar I, the king of Norway and Sweden from 1844 to 1859. The Oscar Lake post office operated from 1874. Discontinued 1887 with mail to Farwell.



Datestamp "OSCAR LAKE MINN. AP 23 1886" and target killer on postal card to St. Paul, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

Eidsvold was a farmers' post office in Holden Twp., Goodhue Co., MN, named for Eidsvoll, Norway where the Constitution of Norway was signed 1814. It was established 1875 with Hans Christensen as postmaster, and closed 1888 with mail to Norway, MN.



Datestamp "EIDSVOLD MINN. MAY 10" and pen lines on registered uprated postal envelope to Chicago, IL. 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters plus 10¢ registry, total 19¢ for weight 1-1½ ounces from 1 July 1875 to 30 Sep 1883. The left 3¢ stamp is folded over the cover top edge.

Namsos, MN, 1875-1904

Namsos, a village in Kimball Twp., Jackson Co., MN. It is named for the town of Namsos in Trøndelag, Norway. The Namsos, MN post office was established 1875 with Carl Frovarts as postmaster. Namsos was a station of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad. The post office closed 1904, superseded by rural delivery from Alpha.



Circular datestamp "NAMSOS MINN, JUN 21 1902" as receiving postmark on 1c postal envelope from St.Paul, MN. 1¢ per 2 ounces for domestic third-class mail 1 May 1879 to 15 April 1925.

Nora is a township in Pope Co., MN. The name Nora is reputed to have been derived from Norway, the native country of many of its settlers.

The Nora, MN post office was established 1876 with Frederick Calmeyer as postmaster.

Discontinued 1903 and superseded by rural delivery from Farwell.

Name John 6 Stock P. O. Nova P. O. Box or Street and No.	SORA SORA
State Minn County Toke **Please write your name and address on above lines.	Perkins,
11 & 13 Center St.,	
1-5.	New Haven,
Proprietor Rubber Stamp Co., Estab. 1876.	Conn.

Cds. "NORA MINN. MAY 10 1895" and target killer on letter to New Haven, CT. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Urness, MN, 1877-1904

Urness is a township in Douglas Co., MN, first settled in 1862-63, established as a township called Red Rock in 1869. In 1871, the name was changed to Urness, in memory of a certain district in Norway. Two of its pioneer farmers, Andrew J. and Ole J. Urness, coming in 1865, were immigrants from that district. Newton Olson was first postmaster. The village of Urness had two stores, a creamery, and the Good Templers Hall; the post office opened 1877 in the postmaster's home. It closed 1904, superseded by rural delivery from Brandon. The population was 266 in 2000.



Circular datestamp "URNESS MINN. OCT 17" (1893) and target killer on letter to Beverley, MA. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

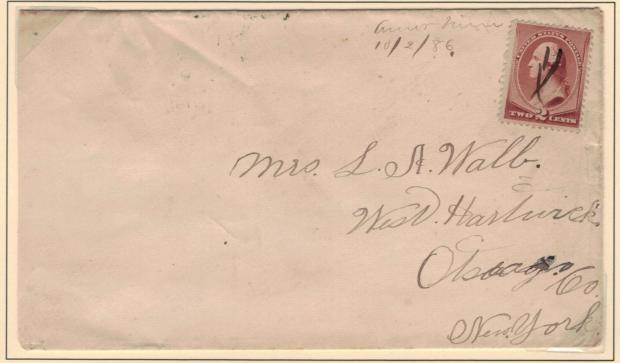
Nerstrand is a city in Wheeling Twp., Rice Co., MN, settled in 1855, named by Osmund Osmundson who was born in Norway 1826, came to the United States 1850 and to Nerstrand 1856, built a store 1877, and in 1883 he platted the town, which was incorporated 1897, naming it after his home of Nedstrand in Tysvær, Norway. Osmundson served as a County commissioner and in the legislature, 1872-73, and died 1914. The post office began 1877 with Augen H. Brokke as postmaster in his store: It is still in operation. The population was 295 at the 2010 census.



Violet circular datestamp "NERSTRAND MINN. NOV 23 1880" and target killer on letter to Faribault, MN. 3¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1863 to 30 Sep 1883.

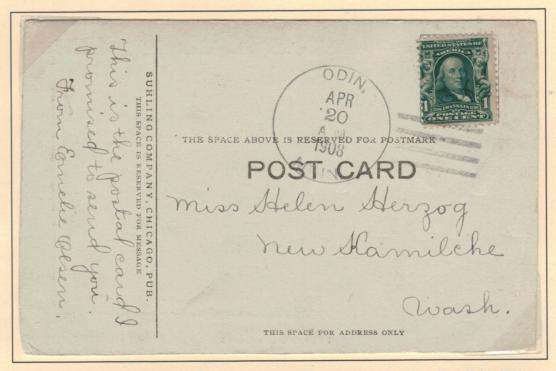
Amor, MN, 1878-1906

Amor is a township in Otter Tail Co., MN. Norwegian settlers applied for the post office name Cupid which was declined, and then Amor was selected. Cupid was the god of love in the ancient Roman mythology, and Amor is Latin for love. The Amor post office was established 1878 and closed 1906, superseded by rural delivery from Battle Lake.



Manuscript "Amor, Minn. 10 / 2 / 86" on letter to West Hartwick, NY. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Odin is a city and township in Watonwan Co., MN. Odin was the principal god in Norse mythology. The Odin, MN post office opened 1880 with Peter Newgard first postmaster and it is still in operation. The population was 106 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "ODIN, MINN. APR 20 1908" on postcard to New Kamilche, WA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Neby, MN, 1881-1903

Neby was a village in Tynsid Twp., Polk Co., MN. Tynsid Township was organized 1879, named after Tynset, Norway. In Norway, Neby is a farm in Tynset. The Neby, MN post office opened 1881 with Maria Saugstad postmaster. It closed 1903, superseded by rural delivery from Climax.



Circular datestamp "NEBY MINN. APR 17 1884" and target killer on uprated registered postal envelope to Norway. 5¢/15g for foreign first-class letters and 10¢ foreign registry 1 July 1875 to 1 July 1892.

Nelson is a city in Douglas Co., MN. Nelson was originally called Dent, after settler Richard Dent, and under this name was founded about 1875. The present name is for Knute Nelson, a prominent citizen and later U.S. Senator from Minnesota. He was born at Vossevangen, Norway, 1842. A post office was established as Dent in 1880, and in 1881 the name was changed to Nelson. Nelson had a station of the Great Northern Railway. The post office is still in operation. The population was 187 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "NELSON, MINN. MAY 26 1909" on postcard to Carlos, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Strand, MN, 1882-1899

Strand, a township in Norman Co., MN, organized 1880, named by the Norwegian settlers because its poplar groves bordering the beaches of the Glacial Lake Agassiz, seen at a long distance from the vast prairie of the Red River valley, resembled an ocean strand or shore. Strand is Norwegian for beach.

The post office opened 1882 with Tron Rishoff postmaster at his general store; he came to the United States from Norway in 1869 and to the county in 1880. A small village grew up around the store. The post office closed 1899 with mail to Gary.



Cds "STRAND MINN. MAR 16 1886" and fancy killer on cover to Decorah, IA. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

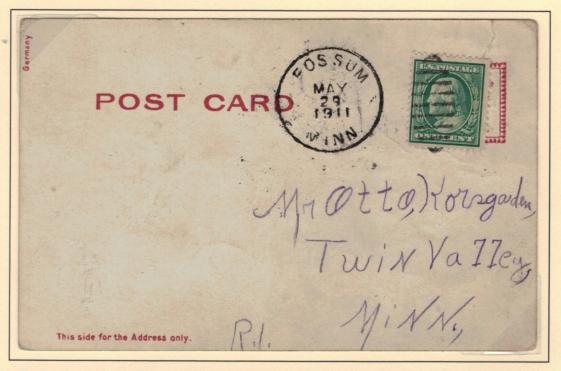
Rindal, a post office in Garden Twp., Polk Co., MN, named for Ole Rindal from Fåberg, Norway. The Rindal, MN post office opened 1882 with Bent Anderson first postmaster, and it closed 1905, superseded by rural delivery from Fertile. Spelling Rindahl was possibly also used.



Cds "RINDAL MINN. JAN 21 1888" and target killer on registered cover to Red Lake Falls, MN. 2¢/oz domestic letter rate and 10¢ registry, 1 July 1885 to 30 Sep 1907.

Fossum, MN, 1882-1911

Fossum is a township in Norman Co., MN. It was organized 1881, named after Fossum, in Southern Norway. The Postal Bulletin reported the name as Fossom, MN when it was established 1882, but it is uncertain if this ever was the correct spelling. Anton (Anthan) Johnson was its first postmaster, the post office was first located in his general store, the first building on the site. Closed 1911, superseded by rural delivery from Twin Valley. Population 187 in 2000.



Duplex handstamp "FOSSUM MINN. MAY 29 1911" on postcard to Twin Valley, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Fosston is a city in Polk Co., MN. It was incorporated 1883 and was named for Louis Foss (1849–1920), who was an immigrant from the village Nyttingnes in Sogn & Fjordane Co., Norway. Fosston had a Great Northern Railway depot. The Fosston, MN post office opened 1883 with Louis Foss first postmaster at his general store and it is still in operation. The population was 1,527 at the 2010 census. Fosston, SK, Canada is named for Fosston, MN.



Cds "FOSSTON MINN. NOV 1 1891" and target killer on postal envelope to New York, NY. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Saint Vincent & Fosston, MN R.P.O., 1895-1898

A railway post office on the 130 miles line between Saint Vincent, MN and Fosston, MN, in operation 1895-1898. This was part of the Great Northern Railway. See above for the origin of the Fosston name.



Cds "ST. VINCENT & FOSSTON R.P.O. 1898 JAN 11" and fancy cork killer with negative cross on postal card to St. Paul, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

3

Sletten is a township in Polk Co., MN, named for Paul C. Sletten, a land agent, born 1841 in Norway. The Sletten, MN post office was established 1884 with Julius Nelson postmaster. It was discontinued 1891, re-established 1896 and superseded 1904 by rural delivery from Fosston. The township population was 140 at the 2000 census.



Cds "SLETTEN MINN. FEB 20 1888" and cork killer on cover to Norway. 5¢ per 15g for foreign letters 1 July 1875 to 30 Jun 1892.

Ulen, MN, 1884-1885 and 1887-date

Ulen is a city in Clay Co., MN. Named for Ole Ulen, its first settler, born Norway 1818, came 1851 to the USA and 1872 to this county. The Ulen, MN post office opened 1884 with Tallak Aaneland postmaster, its name changing 1885 to Oneland for the postmaster and general store owner, although it was sometimes spelled Odneland and Onland. In 1887 Ole Christian Melbye became postmaster in his grocery store and the name changed back to Ulen. The Ulen, MN post office is still in operation. The population was 547 at the 2010 census.



Vinyl handstamp "R.F.D. ULEN MINN. JUL 11 1906" on postcard to Rochester, NY. Rural Free Delivery from Ulen, MN started 1903. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

3

Kragnes is a township in Clay Co., MN, named for Aanund Ole Kraaknes, who Americanized his name to Andrew O. Kragnes, a prominent Norwegian farmer, one of the first settlers of that township, who came from Houston Co. 1872. He was born in Vrådal, Norway and came 1852 to the U.S.A. with his parents. He helped establish the community, building an elevator, a lumberyard, a store, and a machinery agency.

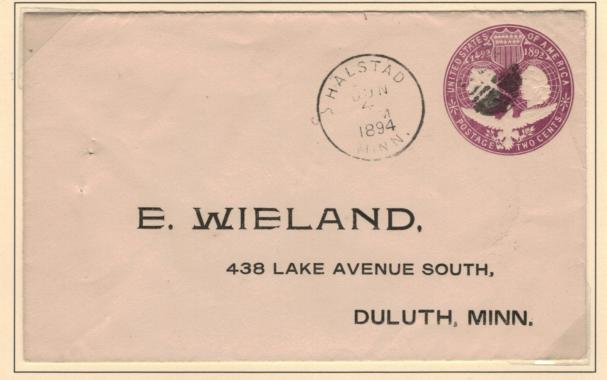
The village had a post office from 1884 with William J. Bodkin first postmaster, and a station of the Great Northern Railway. The post office closed 1935 with mail to Moorhead. The population was 319 at the 2000 census.



4-bar handstamp "KRAGNES MINN DEC 24 1910" on postcard to Fertile, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

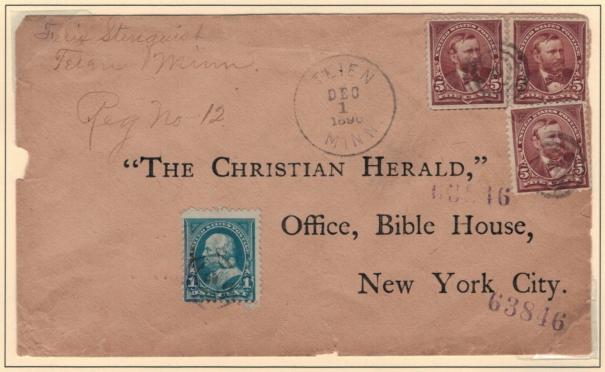
Halstad, MN, 1884-date

Halstad is a city and township in Norman Co., MN, named for Ole Halstad, a Norwegian pioneer farmer. Halstad had a station of the Great Northern Railway. The post office was established 1884 with storekeeper Erik K. Brandt first postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 597 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp "HALSTAD MINN JUN 2 1894" and cork killer on postal envelope to Duluth, MN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Teien, a post office in Teien Twp., Kittson Co., MN, named for Andrew (Andreas) Christensen Teien who was born 1857 in Sande, Vestfold, Norway. The Teien, MN post office opened 1886 with Swedish immigrant Augusta Westman as postmaster. It closed 1903, superseded by rural delivery from Drayton. Andrew Teien's younger brother, George C. Teien operated the Robbin, MN post office, also in Teien Twp.



Cds "TEIEN MINN. DEC 1 1896" and target killer on registered cover to New York, NY. 6¢ overpaid for the 10¢ rate: 2¢/oz for domestic letters and 8¢ registry, 1 Jan 1893 to 1 Nov 1909.

Robbin, MN, 1892-1933

Robbin is a community in Teien Twp., Kittson Co., MN. It was named by first postmaster George (Jørgen) C. Teien, a younger brother of Andrew C. Teien who operated the Teien, MN post office also in this Twp.

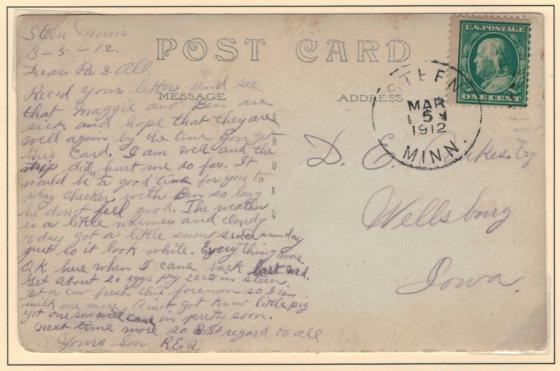
George Teien opened a general store Robbin Store, in Teien Township in 1891, and his application to establish the Robbin post office was approved.

Robbin is misspelled for the American robin, the songbird. The Robbin, MN post office was established 7 July 1892 and closed 14 Oct 1933 with mail to Drayton.



Doane handstamp (t2, no. 2) "ROBBIN, MINN. JAN 6 1911" on postcard to Haug, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Steen is a city in Clinton Twp., Rock Co., MN. Steen was platted in 1888 and named for brothers John P. Steen and Ole P. Steen, Norwegian homesteaders who gave land for the townsite. The community was settled primarily by German immigrants; it was called Virginia for a number of years, a name given to its railway station. Its post office was established as Steen in 1888, with Christian Clemmetson first postmaster in his furniture store. Closed 2011.



Duplex handstamp "STEEN, MINN. MAR 5 1912" on postcard to Wellsburg, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Berg, MN, 1888-2011

Berg, post office in Webster Twp., Rice Co., MN, established 1889 with Carl Hendrickson postmaster, on land originally owned by a settler named Berg, who opened a general store on his farm. Several brothers Berg took homestead in Webster Twp. and the post office was named for one or more of these: Peder, Lars, Ole, Daniel, Johannes, all sons of Ole Larsen Rotneberget from Grue, Hedmark, Norway. Discontinued 1901, superseded by rural delivery from Northfield.



Cds "BERG MINN. MAR 3 1894" and target killer on cover to Jamaica. 5c per ½oz for foreign first-class letters 1 July 1892 to 30 Sep 1907.

Ihlen is a city in Eden Twp., Pipestone Co., MN. It was named in honor of Carl Ihlen from Norway, on whose land it was originally platted in 1888. The Ihlen, MN post office opened 1889 with Carl Ihlen first postmaster. The site was selected as a freight division point in 1916 for the Great Northern Railway. The post office was converted to a CPO from 1985 and closed 2013. The population was 63 in 2010.

Postkarte - Carte postale - Postcard	
Hello Caril, how	APR IN SOLAPRING
thanks for the lard	C.2.2. The
to will snow I suppose	miss
he is still selling having machines	of while O Mun
el'in felling fine lible to eat three	Brookings
spearl meals a clay of slub nights greet all	
from your friend a &	

Violet handstamped flag "IHLEN, MINN. APR 7 1908" on postcard to Brookings, SD. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Ihlen, MN & Yankton, SD, R.P.O., 1917-1925

Railway post office on the 121 miles line between Ihlen, MN and Yankton, SD, in operation 1917-1925. This was part of the Great Northern Railway. See above for the origin of the Ihlen name.



Duplex handstamp "IHLEN & YANKTON R.P.O. JUL 2 1924" on cover to Richmond, VA. Undelivered and returned. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1919 to 5 July 1932.

Kalmer, a country post office in Shelly Twp., Norman Co., MN, established 1891 with John K. Ueland as postmaster. It was named for Kalmer Ueland, the postmaster's nephew. The Ueland (Ualand) name is from Lund, Rogaland, Norway. Discontinued 1900 with mail to Shelly.



Circular datestamp "KALMER MINN. APR 14 1894" on postal envelope to Chicago, IL. 2¢/oz for domestic first-class letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Vineland, MN, 1891-1921

Vineland is a community in Mille Lacs Co., MN. The community was named for the early Norse settlement of Vinland. The Vineland, MN post office opened 1891 with David H. Robbins first postmaster. Namechange to Wigwam Bay from 1921 and discontinued 1929. The population was 1,001 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "VINELAND, MINN. DEC 24 1919" on postcard sent locally. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1919 to 14 April 1925.

3

Syre is a community in Home Lake Twp., Norman Co., MN. It was named for homesteader Swen Syre, born 1834 in Norway as Sven Sire. The Syre, MN post office opened 1891 with Carl Berg first postmaster. The site also had a general store, an elevator, a creamery, a lumberyard, and a station of the Northern Pacific Railroad. The post office closed 1936 with mail to Twin Valley.



Circular datestamp "SYRE, MINN. NOV 20 1895" and target killer on uprated registered letter to Minneapolis, MN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 – 1 Nov 1917, 8¢ registration fee 1 Jan 1883 – 30 Sep 1909.

Lerdal, MN, 1892-1903

Lerdal was a village in Riceland Twp., Freeborn Co., MN. The community was named for the place of origin of first postmaster Jens O. Share, from Skjær, Lærdal, Norway. The Lerdal, MN post office opened 1892 and closed 1908, superseded by rural delivery from Hayward.



Circular datestamp "LERDAL MINN. MAY 29 1900" and target killer on letter to New Richland, MN. 2¢/oz per ounce for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Flak, village in Maple Grove Twp., Crow Wing Co., MN. The community was named for first postmaster Peter Alberts, born 1849 as Peder Lorntsen Flak, Klinga near Namsos, Norway. The Flak, MN post office was established 1894 and closed 1926 with mail to Brainerd.



4-bar handstamp "FLAK, MINN. JUL 14 1911" on postcard to Minneapolis, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

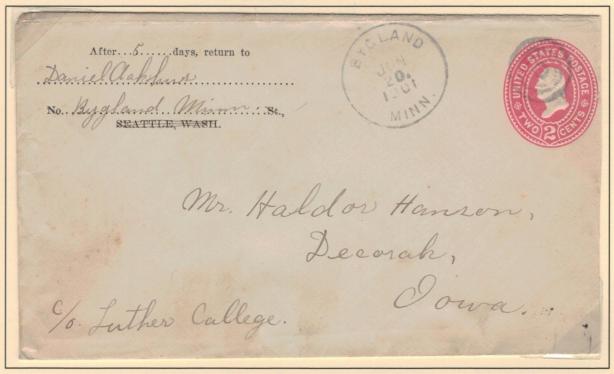
Solem, MN, 1895-1898

Solem, township in Nicollet Co., MN, settled 1866 and established as a township 1870. The township takes its name from Soleim, Naustdal, Førde, Sogn & Fjordane, from where many of the pioneers came. The post office opened 1895 with Bertel Karstad as postmaster. Closed 1898 with mail to Brighton.



Circular datestamp "SOLEM MINN. APR 3 1897" on uprated registered postal envelope to Minneapolis, MN. 2¢/oz domestic letter rate and 8¢ registry from 1 Jan 1893 to 31 Oct 1907.

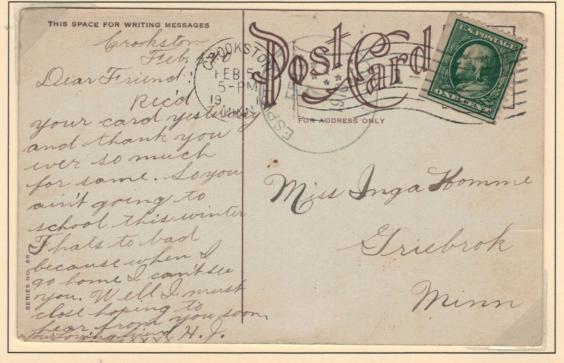
Bygland village and township in Polk Co., MN. It was organized 1877, named for a village in southern Norway, from where several of its pioneer settlers came. The village was established when Sveinung K. Flaat built the Bygland Store in 1897. Flaat was born 1871 in Norway, came to the United States 1889, and died 1953. The post office operated from 1897 with Flaat first postmaster. Closed 1906, superseded by rural delivery from Fisher.



Cds "BYGLAND, MINN. JUN 20 1901" and target killer on cover to Decorah, IA. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

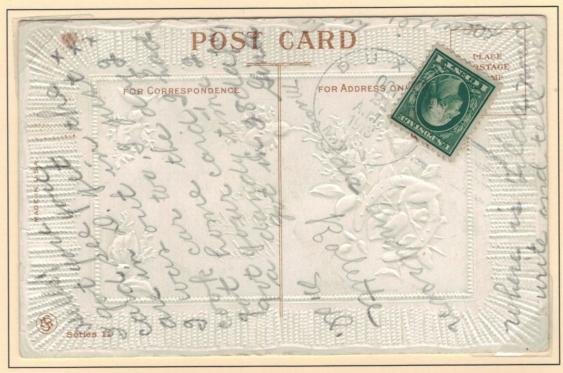
Espetvet, MN, 1897-1910

Espetvet was a post office in Chester Twp., Polk Co., MN. Espetveit is a Norwegian farm name. The post office opened 1897 and was located in Espetvet Store & PO, with James H. Espetvet p.m. It closed 1910 with mail to Griebrok.



Cds "ESPETVET, MINN. FEB 7 1910" as transit postmark on postcard from Crookston, MN to Griebrok, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Duxby was a country post office in Roseau Co., MN. It was named by Norwegian settlers, the name being a combination of dux (ducks) and the Norwegian word "by" for town, for the many ducks on the river there. The first Duxby, MN p.o. was established 1897 with Charles Peterson first postmaster, closed 1918, re-opened 1919 and finally closed in 1938.



4-bar handstamp "DUXBY, MINN. OCT 21 1913" on postcard to Rolette, ND. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Eggen, MN, 1897-1901

Eggen was a country post office in Hoff Twp., Pope Co., MN. It was named for postmaster Ole Eggen, born 1857 in Norway. The Eggen, MN post office operated from 1897 to 1901 when it was superseded by rural delivery from Hancock.



Circular datestamp "EGGEN, MINN. MAR 25 1898" and target killer on postal card to St. Paul, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

3

Ausland was a post office in Rail Prairie Twp., Morrison Co., MN. Ausland was named for settler John Knudson Ausland, originally from Aasland in Setesdal, Norway. The post office was established 1899 with John's wife Annie Knudson postmaster, and was discontinued from 1914 with mail to Fort Ripley.



Cds "AUSLAND, MINN. JUL 30 1908" and target killer on postcard to Brainerd, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Sanwick, MN, 1899-1914

Sanwick was a post office in Dewey Twp., Roseau Co., MN, established 1899 with Halver N. Johnson as postmaster and named for Aven Sanwick, Norwegian settler. Discontinued in 1914 with mail to Greenbush.



Cds "SANWICK, MINN. JAN 12 1912" and target killer on uprated postal envelope to Germany. 1¢ underfranked for the 5¢/oz for foreign letters 1 Oct 1907 to 31 Oct 1953, and postagte due markings.

3

Lillo, a community in Equality Twp., Red Lake Co., MN, Magnus Johnson was postmaster; Johnson changed his name to Lillo, and Mrs. Lillo operated the general store. Magnus Johnson Lillo was born in Norway 1841 and came to America 1868. The Lillo, MN post office opened 1899 until closing 1919 with mail to Plummer.



4-bar handstamp "LILLO, MINN. APR 18 1919" on postcard to Lengby, MN. 2¢ for domestic postcards 2 Nov 1917 to 30 June 1919 (WWI emergency rate increase).

Rosby, MN, 1900-1909

Rosby, a station of the Great Northern and Soo railways and a farm post office in Helga Twp., Hubbard Co., MN. It was named for Ole Rosby, a Norwegian farmer. The Rosby, MN post office opened 1900 with Theodore Jesten postmaster and it closed 1909 with mail to Nary.



Circular datestamp "ROSBY, MINN. NOV 18 1908" and target killer on postcard to Hendrum, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

3

Jonstad was a country post office in Moose River Township, Marshall County, MN. It was named for postmaster John Larsen, born 1844 in Norway as Johannes Larsen Jonstad. The Jonstad, MN post office was established 1902 and discontinued 1914 with mail to Jane.



Circular datestamp "JONSTAD, MINN. JAN 20 1905" and target killer on letter to Askeröd, Sweden. 5¢ per ½ ounce for foreign first class letters from 1 July 1892 to 30 Sep 1907.

Jevne, MN, 1902-1924

Jevne was a post office in East Park Twp., Marshall Co., MN, established 1902 and named for Knute O. Jevne, postmaster (born 1870 in Norway). It closed 1924 with mail to Newfolden.



Circular datestamp "JEVNE MINN. FEB 10 1909" and target killer on postcard to Ulen, MN. The message is written in Norwegian. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Inger, township in Itasca Co., MN, named for a pioneer settler's Norwegian grandmother. The Inger, MN p.o. opened 1912 with William J. Gibbs as postmaster. Replaced 1954 by a rural station under Deer River post office only to be closed 1955.

4-bar handstamp "INGER, MINN. JUN 8 1953" on postcard to Sterling, IL. 2¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1952 to 31 July 1958.



Oklee, MN, 1912-date

Oklee is a city in Lambert Twp., Red Lake Co., MN. The city derives its name from Ole K. Lee, the original owner of the town site, born 1859 in Minnesota to Norwegian immigrant parents. The Soo Line came in 1909, and the townsite was platted by Tri-State Land Company, who purchased the land from Lee that year. The Oklee, MN post office opened 1912 with Louis Doucet postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 435 at the 2010 census.



Duplex handstamp "OKLEE, MINN. MAR 8 1938" on registered letter with return receipt to Madison, WI. 21¢ correct postage composed of: 3¢/oz for domestic letters 6 July 1932 to 31 July 1958, 15¢ registration fee and 3¢ fee for domestic return receipt from 15 April 1925 to 36 March 1944.

3

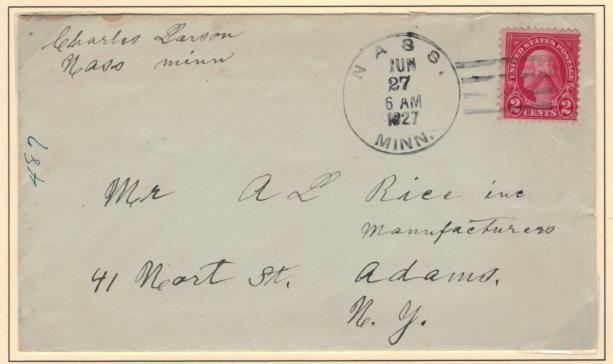
Conrad, post office in America Twp., Roseau Co., MN, established 1913 with Mary Anderson, wife of Conrad Anderson, postmaster. It was named for Conrad Anderson, born in North Dakota to Norwegian father and mother born in Iowa to Norwegian immigrant parents. Discontinued 1934 with mail to Salol.



4-bar handstamp "CONRAD, MINN. MAY 23 1932" on registered uprated postal envelope to Yerkes, PA. 2¢/oz for domestic letters and 15¢ registry, 15 Apr 1925 to 5 Jul 1932.

Nass, MN, 1913-1938

Nass, a post office in Carpenter Twp., Itasca Co., MN, established 1908 as Celina in St. Louis Co., and moved and changed name 1913 to Nass when John Gilbertson was postmaster (b. 1880 Arnafjord, Sogn, Norway). It was named for Nese which is a village in Arnafjord in Vik Municipality in Vestland county, Norway. Nass, MN is spelled Ness in various literature, but the post office was probably Nass all the time. Discontinued 1938 with mail to Togo.

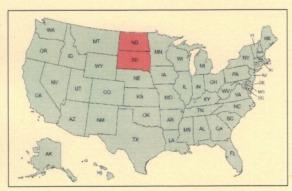


4-bar handstamp "NASS, MINN. JUN 27 1927" on cover to Adams, NY. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1919 to 5 Jul 1932.

Homesteading in the Dakotas

The first Norwegians arrived in the Dakotas as early as 1859, shortly after the treaty with the Yankton Sioux was signed on July 10, 1859. It took another ten years before the greater influx of Norwegians took place.

Rapidly increasing number of land-hungry Norwegian migrants of the seventies and eighties came to the apparently endless reaches of the Dakota prairies.



4a

South Dakota

In 1860 there were 129 Norwegians in South Dakota. That changed fast; in 1880 10% of the population was Norwegian, and in 1889 one-third of the population were Norwegians.

Nordland, SD, 1880-1884

Nordland, post office in Kingsbury Co., SD. Established 1880 with Philip Lawrence as postmaster. It was called Nordland because most of the early residents were from Scandinavia. Name-change to Denver 1884, to Arlington 1885 and it is still in operation.



Duplex postmark "NORDLAND DAKOTA AUG 26 1881" on letter to Winona, MN. 3¢ per ½ oz 1 July 1863 to 30 Sep 1883.

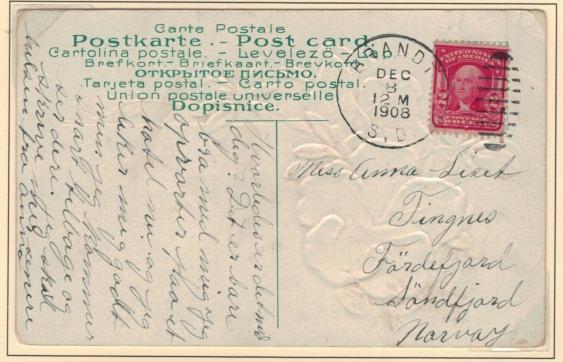
Ola is a community in Brule Co., SD. When a post office was to be established, Mrs. Cyrus H. Clark suggested that it be called Ola, because there were so many Norwegians and Swedes with this name in the settlement. The Ola, SD post office was established 1881 with Cyrus H. Clark first postmaster. It closed 1917 with mail to Bijou Hills. Population 13 in 2010.



Doane handstamp (type 2, no. 1) "OLA, S.DAK. MAY 25 1911" on postcard to Holbrook, NE. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Brandt, SD, 1887-date

Brandt is a town in Deuel Co., SD, named for Realf Ottesen Brandt (1859-1927) an American Lutheran minister who was born in Rock River, WI, both parents being immigrants from Norway. His father came from Løken, Slidre and his mother from Sande, Vestfold. The Brandt, SD post office opened 1887 with Andrew Helgeson postmaster and it is still in operation. The population peaked at 299 in 1920, down to 107 in 2010.



Duplex handstamp "BRANDT S.D. DEC 8 1908" on postcard to Norway. 2¢ for foreign postcards 1 July 1898 to 30 Sep 1925.

4a Homesteading in the Dakotas

Hetland is a town in Kingsbury Co., SD. Founded 1879 and named for John M. Hetland from Norway, the first homesteader in that section. He had been murdered the year before on his way from Sioux Falls to his homestead. The Hetland, SD post office operated 1888-2002 with Isaac H. West first postmaster. The population peaked at 250 in 1930, down to 46 in 2010.



Cds "HETLAND S.DAK. OCT 2 1894" with target killer on letter to Lake Preston, SD. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Sinai, SD, 1891-1901 and 1907-date



4-bar handstamp "SINAI S.DAK. AUG 17 1911" on postcard to Comfrey, MN, re-directed to Arlington, ND. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Sinai is a town in Brookings Co., SD. The town and the township received their names from the nearby Lake Sinai which got its name from Norwegian settlers Martin Trygstad and Sven Sneve.

The first Sinai, SD post office operated 1891-1901 with Norwegian Nicholas O. Bursvold as postmaster. The post office re-opened in 1907, again with Nicholas O. Bursvold as postmaster, and it is still in operation.

The population peaked at 217 in 1930, down to 120 at the 2010 census.

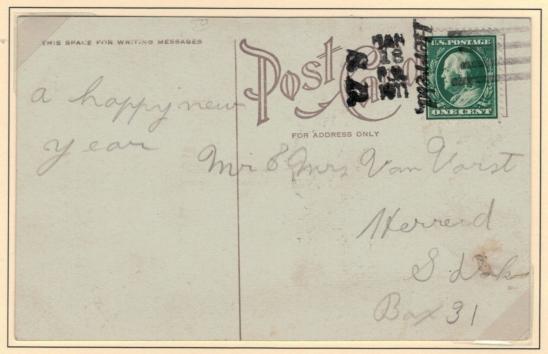
Gustave, a farm post office established 1899 in Butte Co., SD, to Harding Co. 1908. The proposed p.o. name was Julia, but Gustave was selected, named for Gustave Sorenson, born in Norway 1873, son of Andrew Sorenson on whose farm the post office was established, with Ancher N. Sorenson postmaster. Discontinued 1954 with mail to Camp Crook.



4-bar handstamp "GUSTAVE, S.DAK. OCT 1 1910" on postcard to Greencastle, IN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Herreid, SD, 1901-date

Herreid is a city in Campbell County, South Dakota. The population was 438 at the 2010 census. Herreid was laid out in 1901, and named after Charles N. Herreid, fourth Governor of South Dakota. Charles Herreid was born in Madison, Wisconsin to Norwegian immigrant parents, the name is from Hereid in Hardanger, Norway. The Herreid, SD post office opened 1901 with Charles H. Mewing first postmaster and it is still in operation.



4-bar handstamp "HERREID S.D. JAN 18 1911" on postcard sent locally. Note vertical place-name instead of the usual circular datestamp.

1¢ for domestic postal cards 1 July 1919 to 31 Dec 1951.

Vig, post office in Norway Twp., Roberts Co., SD. Named for Peder Gunval Vig (born 1838, Vik, Skudenes, Norway). Established 1902 with Alfred W Thompson as postmaster. Discontinued 1914 with mail to Veblen.



4-bar handstamp "VIG, S.DAK. JUL 12 1912" on postcard to Evansville, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Hilmoe, SD, 1904-1913

Hilmoe, township in Lyman Co., SD. The settlement became known as "Little Norway". At the instigation of Jorgen J. Boe and Nels Fosness, the church, school, post office, general store and township were given the name of "Hilmoe" as a tribute to the patriarch of the community, Peter J. Hilmoe who had arrived here from Norway in 1883. The Hilmoe, SD post office operated from 1904 with Jorgen J. Boe as the only postmaster, discontinued 1913 with mail to Presho.



Doane handstamp (type 2, no. 1) "HILMOE S.DAK. DEC 30 1909" on postcard to Hudson, SD. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

4a Homesteading in the Dakotas

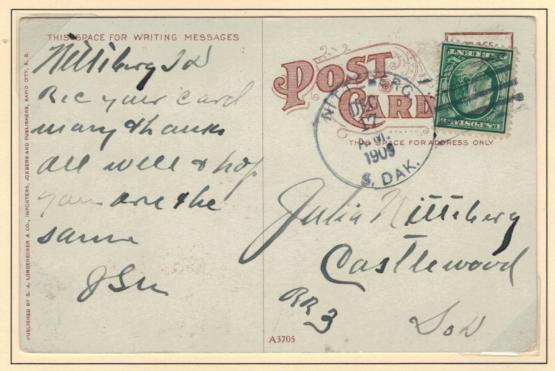
Leir, post office in Lyman Co., SD (the area is now in Jones Co.). Operated from 1907, Susie L. Leir born 1873 in Norway was the only postmaster. Named for the postmaster or her family. The post office was discontinued from 1911, superseded by rural delivery from Draper.



4-bar handstamp "LEIR S.DAK. DEC 8 1909" and "LEIR S.DAK. DEC 10 1909" on postcard from Aurora, MI to Lacy, SD. Manuscript "Missent". 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Nitteberg, SD, 1907-1913

Nitteberg, community in Haakon Co., SD. It was named for the family of settler Stener Jacobson Nitteberg, born 1828 in Nitteberg in Gjerdrum, Norway. The Nitteberg, SD post office operated from 1907 with John S. Nitteberg first postmaster. The name changed to Lucerne 1913, closed 1933.



4-bar handstamp "NITTEBERG S.DAK. DEC 17 1909" on postcard to Castlewood, SD, written by the postmaster. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

4a Homesteading in the Dakotas

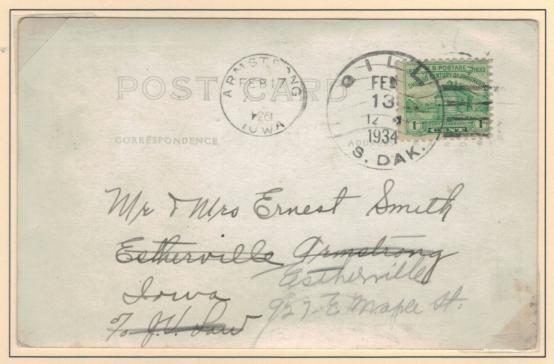
Sorum is a community in Perkins Co., SD. Sorum was laid out in 1908, and named in honor of Christian 'Chris' Sorum, a local merchant, born 1882 in Norway. The proposed name for the post office was Perkins, but Sorum was selected, and it opened 1910 with Christian Sorum as postmaster. In 1963 the post office was replaced by a Rural Station under Bison SD, discontinued unknown year (prior to 1987).



4-bar handstamp "SORUM S.DAK. NOV 1 1912" on letter to Wisconsin. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

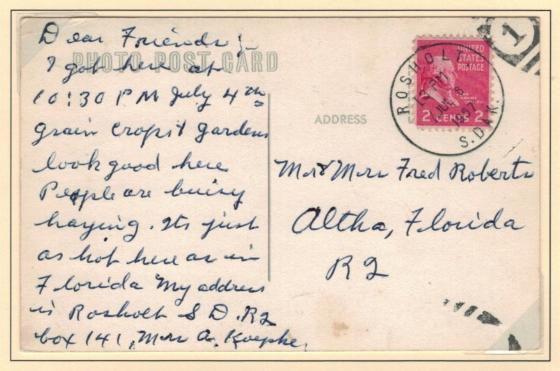
Gill, SD, 1912-1945

Gill is a ghost town in Harding Co., SD. The town derived its name from postmaster Carl Mortenson Gilberg, immigrant from Fåberg, Norway. The Gill, SD post office opened 1912 and closed 1945 with mail to Sorum.



4-bar handstamp "GILL, S.DAK. FEB 13 1934" on postcard to Armstrong, IA, machine cancel "ARMSTRONG, IOWA FEB 17 1934" and re-directed to Estherville, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1928 to 31 Dec 1951.

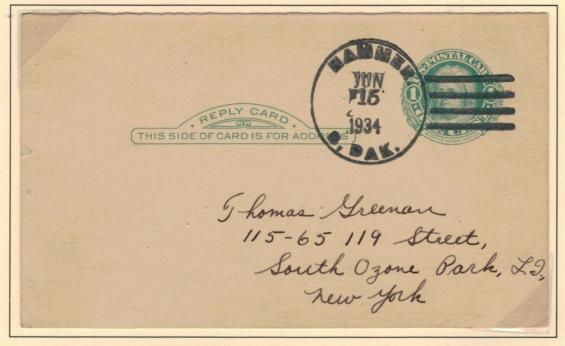
Rosholt is a town in Roberts Co., SD. Rosholt was laid out in 1913, and named in honor of Julius Rosholt, who was credited with bringing the railroad to town. He was born in USA to immigrant parents from Laurdal, Norway. The Crawford post office was established 1894 with Louis Bjorklund as postmaster. Name-change 1913 to Rosholt with Warren E. Henderson as postmaster and it is still in operation. The population was 423 at the 2010 census.



Numeral duplex handstamp "ROSHOLT, S.DAK. JUL 8 1957" postcard to Altha, FL. 2¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1952 to 31 July 1958.

Hammer, SD, 1915-1973

Hammer is a community in Roberts Co., SD. It was named after the Norwegian immigrants Gunder and Iver Hammer, the original owners of the town site. The Hammer, SD post office was established 1915 with Alexander O. Johnsen as postmaster. The post office closed 1973 with mail to New Effington. The population was 76 in 2010.



4-bar handstamp "HAMMER, SD JUN 15 1934" on postal card to New York. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 1 July 1919 to 31 Dec 1951.

North Dakota

The Norwegians settled mainly in the eastern and northern part of the state, but today they're found everywhere in the state. Far to the north, the Red River region became heavily populated by Norwegians, and the valley of its tributary, the Sheyenne Valley, became, as one pioneer put it, "solidly Norwegian". One in three of all North Dakotans is of Norwegian heritage, which is the highest among all U.S. states.

Walhalla, ND, 1871-date

Walhalla, ND is the oldest North Dakota post office with documented name of Norwegian or Norse origin.

Founded in the 1840's as Saint Joseph, the name was changed to Walhalla in 1871. The name is an Anglicized version of Valhalla, the hall of slain warriors in Norse mythology, and was suggested to note the beauty of the area. The post office is still in operation.

Postcard from Hitchin (U.K.), OC 22, 1904 to Walhalla, ND, re-directed to Crystal, ND.

"WALHALLA N.DAK. NOV 4 1904" duplex handstamp and cds "CRYSTAL N.D. RECD. NOV 5 1904". 1p overseas surface rate for postcards 1 Oct 1891 to 12 Jun 1921.



Walhalla & Grafton R.P.O., ND, 1910-1918

The Great Northern Railroad extended 1898 its branch line from Grafton, ND to Walhalla, ND.

A Railway Post Office operated on the 64 miles stretch between Walhalla and Grafton from 1910 to 1918.

Another R.P.O. operated between Walhalla and Grand Forks before and after this period, including Walhalla to Grafton.

C.d.s. "WALHALLA & GRAFTON MAR 8 1911" on cover to Saskatoon, Sask.

Postage to Canada same as domestic, 1¢ for postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

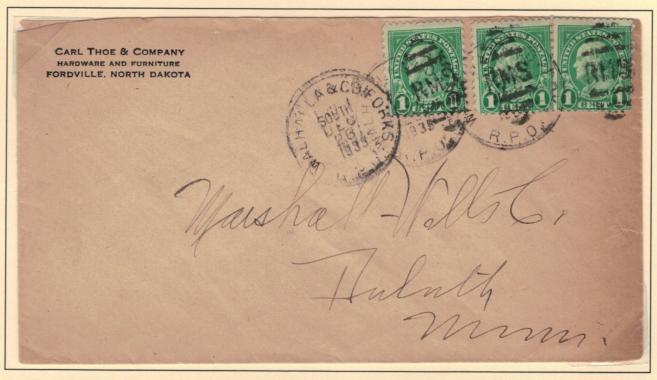


The Great Northern Railroad extended 1898 its branch line from Grand Forks via Grafton to Walhalla. A Railway Post Office operated on the 64 miles stretch between Walhalla and Grand Forks 1903-1910 and then from 1918 until the late 1930s. Another R.P.O. operated 1910-1918 between Walhalla and Grafton.



Duplex handstamp "WALHALLA & GD. FORKS R.P.O. SEP 9 1909" on postcard to Viborg, SD. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Walhalla & Grand Forks R.P.O., ND, 1918-1930's



Duplex handstamp "WALHALLA & GD. FORKS R.P.O. SOUTH DEC 23 1935" on cover to Duluth, MN. 3¢ for domestic postcards 6 July 1932 to 31 Jul 1957.

Lee, rural settlement in Lee township in Nelson Co., ND (Grand Forks Co. to 1883), named for its township which was named for Samuel and John M. Lee, pioneer settlers in the area. They were born at Liaklev, Børsa, Skaun, Trøndelag, Norway and Americanised their name to Lee. The post office was established 1881 with Ole C. Oleson postmaster. Population 20 in 1890, but the lack of a railroad prevented further development, and the p.o. closed 1905, superseded by rural delivery from Aneta.



Circular datestamp "LEE N.DAK. NOV 12 1896" and target killer on postal envelope to Minneapolis, MN. 2c/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Petersberg / Petersburg, ND, 1883-date

Petersburg is a city and township in Nelson Co., ND. The Great Northern Railroad townsite of Petersberg was founded 1882, named for Petersborg, Telemark, Norway. The Petersberg, ND post office opened 1883 with Levi H. Peterson postmaster. He changed the name to Petersburg 1884, supposedly because virtually everyone was spelling the name in this manner. The post office is still in operation. The village reached a peak population of 367 in 1920, down to 192 at the 2010 census.



Duplex handstamp "PETERSBURG N.DAK. DEC 31 1909 on postcard to Minneapolis, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Mona was a rural settlement founded in the early 1880s in Loam Twp., Cavalier Co., ND. The post office was established 1883 with John J. Wood as postmaster, who named it for Mona Jacobson, the daughter of area pioneer Ole Jacobson who was born 1843 in Norway. A population of 20 was reported in 1890, and a count of 10 was made in 1920; the post office closed 1935 with mail to Langdon.



Circular datestamp "MONA N.D. SEP 28 1909" and target killer on postcard to Eureka, IL. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

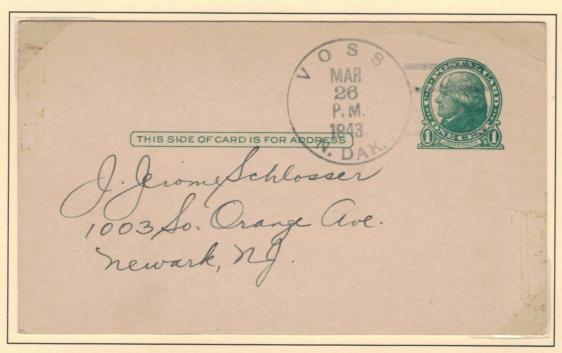
Vang, ND, 1887-1935

Vang, pioneer settlement in Hope Twp., Cavalier Co., ND. The post office was established 1887 with John Dahlvang as postmaster, who coined its name from his own. A population of 25 was reported in 1890, a peak of 30 residents were counted in 1920, and 15 citizens were reported as late as 1940, but the post office closed 1935, and the town disappeared from maps in the 1960s.



Circular datestamp "VANG DAK. MAY 13 1890" and target killer on letter to Slater, IA. 2c/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Voss is a community in Walsh Centre Twp., Walsh Co., ND. It was founded by homesteader Andrew P. Herom who named it for Voss, Norway. Two blocks were platted in 1892, but the village failed to ever report a population greater than 60. The Voss, ND post office opened 1888 with Frank E. Vorachek postmaster. The post office closed 1983 with mail to Minto.



4-bar handstamp "VOSS N. DAK. MAR 26 1943" on postal card to Newark, NJ. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 1 July 1919 to 31 Dec 1951.

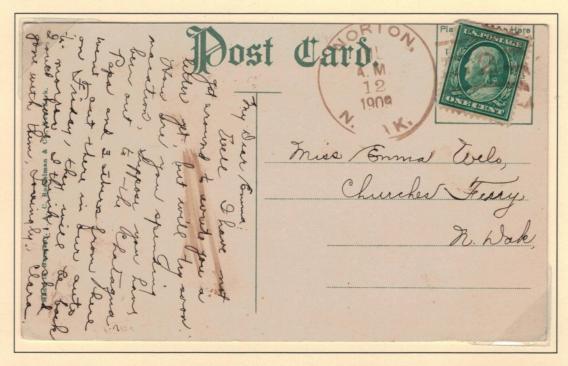
Galchutt, ND, 1891-1978

Galchutt is a community in Abercrombie Twp., Richland Co., ND. It was named for Hans Galchutt, a Norwegian who came here 1882 and built a store, warehouse, and an elevator. The post office was established 1891 with Mr. Galchutt postmaster. A population of about 100 has been recorded here for most of the twentieth century. The post office closed in 1978.



4-bar handstamp "GALCHUTT DAK. SEP 23 1929" on special delivery letter to Herrick, IL. 2¢ postage rate per ounce for domestic letters from 1 July 1919 to 5 July 1932 and 10¢ domestic special delivery fee from 1 Oct 1885 to 31 Oct 1944, total 12c correct rate.

Norton is a township in Walsh Co., ND. The name from 1883 is an Anglicized compromise name after the Norwegian settlers could not decide on Nordford or Nordland. The Norton, ND post office opened 1892 with Per E. Peterson as postmaster. A population of 15 was reported in 1920. The post office closed 1932 with mail to Adams.



Doane handstamp (type 3, no 2) "NORTON N.DAK. JUL 12 1909" on postcard to Churches Ferry, ND. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Standy, ND, 1895-1905

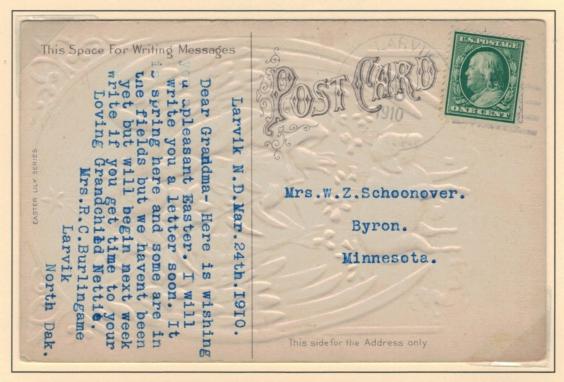
Standy, rural post office in Viking Twp., Richland Co., ND, established 1895 with Ole K. Standy postmaster in his general store. He came here about 1881 from Steinde, Vang, Norway and americanized his family name. The post office closed 1905, superseded by R.D. from Homestead.



Circular datestamp "STANDY N.DAK. FEB 12 1899" on cover to Christiania, Norway. 5¢ for foreign first class letters to ½0z 1 July 1892 to 1 Oct 1907. 3¢ stamps missing.

4b Homesteading in the Dakotas

Larvik post office, in McCulley Twp., Emmons Co., ND came in 1908 when the new postmaster William A. Foell suggested a name-change for the Brofy post office, which had been established 1906, and served the townsite founded in 1904 as Godkin. The new name honored townsite owner Edvard M Larwick, born 1872 in Lervik, Manger, Norway with a slight change in the spelling. Some say the change in spelling was influenced by the Norwegian city of Larvik, which had been the namesake of an earlier Larvik post office in Emmons Co. In 1911 the neighbor townsites Larvik and Tempelton merged as Temvik.

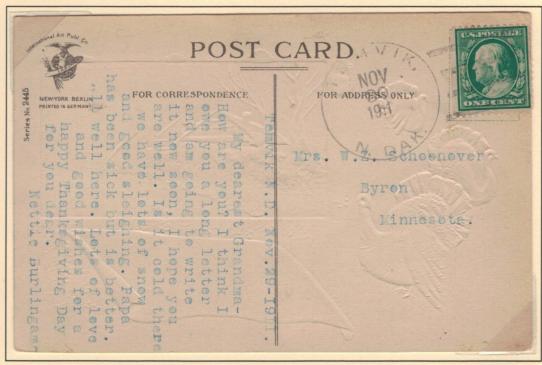


4-bar handstamp "LARVIK N.DAK. MAR 25 1910" on postcard to Byron, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Temvik, ND, 1911-1968

The neighbor townsites Larvik and Tempelton, in County, ND, Emmons merged in 1911 and took the name Temvik. The name was derived from 'Tem' Tempelton and 'Vik' Larvik. The Temvik post office opened 1911 with Ezra P. Zunkel as postmaster. The village once claimed population of about 200, but the 1960 count was just 45. The post office closed 1968 with mail to Linton.

4-bar handstamp "TEMVIK N.DAK. NOV 30 1911" on postcard to Byron, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.



Grelland was a farm post office in Vang Twp., Ward Co., ND. It was named for the Grelland farm in Botne near Holmestrand, Norway. First postmaster Johan W. Rode was born in Norway 1870 and emigrated 1887; his mother was born Grelland. The Grelland, ND post office was established 1902 and closed 1918 with mail to Drady.



4-bar handstamp "GRELLAND N.DAK. AUG 13 1914" on postcard to Starbuck, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Carson, ND, 1902-date

Carson, township and rural post office in Grant Co., ND. The selected name was coined from the names of local settler Frank *CAR*ter, and brothers Simon and David Peder*SON*, the two latter having Norwegian parents. Carson became the county seat when Grant Co. organized in 1916. A peak population of 501 was reached in 1960. The post office opened 1902 with David Pederson as postmaster and it is still in operation.



Cds "CARSON N.DAK. (OCT) 15 1902" and target killer on postcard to Morristown, NY. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Lansford, a Great Northern Railroad townsite in Bottineau Co., ND. It was founded in 1902 as Cordon, but the name was changed to Lansford in 1903 by townsite owner Martin Olson, who named it for his home in Norway. Others say it was named for a Great Northern Railroad construction foreman at the site. The post office was established 1903 with Clarence C. Banks postmaster. It incorporated as a village 1904 and became a city 1907 with J. G. Walstad mayor. In 1905 it became a two-railroad town with the arrival of the Soo Line Railroad. A peak population of 456 was reached in 1910, with a decline to 294 in 1980. The post office is still in operation.



Duplex handstamp "LANSFORD N.DAK. MAR 19 1918" on postcard to Santa Fe, CA, re-directed to Bushton, KS. 2¢ for domestic postcards 1 Nov 1917 to 30 June 1919 (WWI emergency rate increase).

Columbus, ND, 1903-date

Columbus, city in Burke Co., ND. Columbus was founded 1906, named for Columbus Larson, born approx. 1855 in Wisconsin to Norwegian immigrant parents, making it possibly the only town so named that was not named for Christopher Columbus.

The Columbus, ND post office opened 1903 with Columbus Larson postmaster and it is still in operation. The population was 133 in 2010. Nearby Larson, ND (below) is also named for Columbus Larson, as well as Comrey, AB, Canada.



4-bar handstamp "COLUMBUS, N.DAK. SEP 9 1912" on postcard to Twin Valley, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Wiprud is a township in McLean Co., ND. This rural post office was established 1902 as Casey. In 1904 the post office was taken over by Stener T. Wiprud, a native of Norway, who with his brother operated a country store at this site. They changed the name of the post office to Wiprud and operated it until 1914 when mail went to Turtle Lake.



4-bar handstamp "WIPRUD, N.DAK. AUG 16 1909" on Wiprud viewcard to Barrett, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Skogmo, ND, 1904-1932

Skogmo was a community in Cransville Twp., Sheridan Co., ND. It was named for storekeeper John T. Skogmo who was first postmaster. His Norwegian name was Johannes Teodor Skogmo (1879-1927), from Skogmo, Overhalla, Nord-Trøndelag. The Skogmo, ND post office was in operation from 1904, and closed 1932 with mail to Kieborn. The store run by Harold O. Ostrom was destroyed by fire about 1940, when the population of the town was just 6. Skogmo became a ghost town, and the site is now a plowed field with no traces of the former settlement to be found.



4-bar handstamp "SKOGMO N.DAK. MAR 15 1932" on letter to Indianapolis, IN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1919 to 5 July 1932.

Manger, a farm post office in Winner Twp., Williams Co., ND, established 1906 with Johannes O. Manger as postmaster. He was born 1858 in Norway, came here from Minnesota 1906 and died in 1936. The post office closed 1913 with mail to Zahl.



4-bar handstamp "MANGER, N.DAK. 1909 MAY 12" on postcard to Arnells, MT. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Sandlie, ND, 1906-1913

Sandlie was a ranch post office in Fertile Valley Twp., Divide Co., ND, established 1906 with Clara Isaacson (1874-1957) as postmaster. She came here in 1900 with her husband, Haakin Isaacson (1861-1931). It was named for the Isaacsons' home in Norway. The post office closed 1913 with mail to Fertile.



Purple 4-bar handstamp "SANDLIE, N.DAK. JAN 21 1913" on postcard to Hamar, ND. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Burnstad is a community in Red Lake Twp., Logan Co., ND, a Soo Line Railroad townsite named for Christ P. Burnstad who donated the townsite land. Christen Per Bjørnstad left Norway at age 17 and lived in Minnesota and South Dakota before settling 1905 in North Dakota. He was known as the *Logan Co. Cattle Baron of North Dakota* and owned 54 sections of land in the region. The Burnstad, ND post office operated 1907-1979, with Nellie Smith first postmaster. A population of 200 was claimed in 1930, but the count has been under 100 since the 1940s.



4-bar handstamp "BURNSTAD, N.DAK. JUN 11 1910" on postcard to Racine, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Larson, ND, 1907-1980

Larson is a former city in Burke Co., ND, founded 1907 and named for Columbus Larson, born approx. 1855 in Wisconsin to Norwegian immigrant parents. The post office operated 1907-1980 with Herman E. de Villiers as first postmaster. The population was 12 at the 2010 census. Nearby Columbus, ND is also named for Columbus Larson, as well as Comrey, Alberta, Canada.



4-bar handstamp "LARSON, N.DAK. AUG 13 1914" on postal card to St. Paul, MN. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

4b Homesteading in the Dakotas

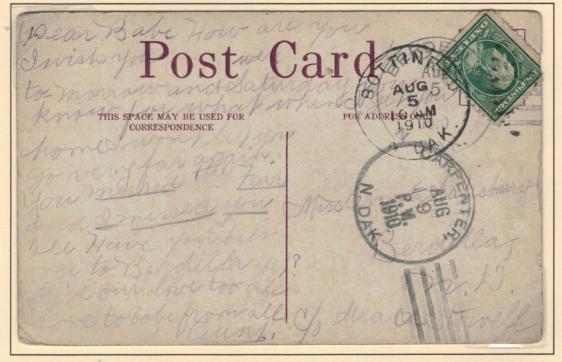
Skermo was a farm post office in Elkhorn Twp., Divide Co., ND. It was authorized 1908 as Norum with Ole J. Skjermo postmaster, who named it for Norum, Sogn & Fjordane, Norway, but the order was rescinded. Re-established same year as Skermo, and named for the postmaster. He came from Skjørmoen, Surnadal, Norway. The p.o. was located on the northwest shore of Skjermo Lake, also named for the postmaster, and closed 1914 with mail to Alkabo.



4-bar handstamp "SKERMO, N.DAK. NOV 27 1911" on registered cover to Decorah, IA. It was sent by the postmaster Ole J. Skjermo. 2¢/oz for domestic letters and 8¢ registration fee 1 Jan 1893 to 30 Oct 1909.

Berdella, ND, 1908-1914

Berdella, rural post office in Holmes Twp., Rolette Co., ND, established 1909 with Theodore M. Brekke as postmaster (born in Minnesota to Norwegian immigrant parents). Mr. Brekke is said to have selected the name from a list of young girls in the area. The post office closed 1916 with mail to Bachelor.



4-bar handstamp "BERDELLA, N.DAK. AUG 5 1910" as transit postmark on postcard from Bottineau, ND, re-directed to Carpenter, ND. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Viking, a Great Northern Railroad station in Norway Lake Twp., Wells Co., ND. It was named for the Norse Vikings. The Viking, ND post office opened 1907 with Frank Schroeder postmaster. The name was unpopular with the local settlers, most of whom were Germans, so in 1913 the name was changed to Hamberg.



4-bar handstamp "VIKING N.DAK. JUN 5 1911" on postcard to Blooming Prairie, MN. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

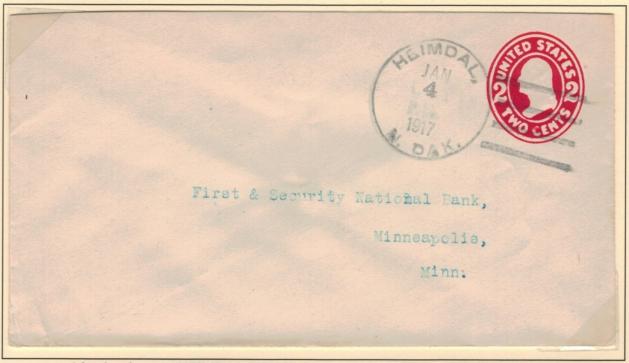
Langberg, ND, 1910-1919

Langberg is a township in Bowman Co., ND. It was named for Trygve Langberg, a pioneer settler originally from Norway. The Langberg, ND post office opened 1910 with first postmaster Suzie Cook Parks. It closed 1919 with mail to Amor.



4-bar handstamp "LANGBERG, N.DAK. NOV 20 1917" on postcard to Marion, IA. 2c for domestic postcards 1 Nov 1917 to 30 June 1919 (WWI emergency rate increase).

Heimdal is a community in Heimdal Twp., Wells Co., ND. This Great Northern Railroad station was founded 1912 on the newly-built Surrey cutoff line. It was named for Heimdall, the watchman for the gods and guardian of the gate Bifrost at the rainbow bridge in Norse mythology. The Heimdal, ND post office operated 1910-1919 with first postmaster Ole H. Backen. A peak population of 148 was reached in 1960, decreasing to 27 as of the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "HEIMDAL N.DAK. JAN 4 1917" on letter to Minneapolis, MN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Skaar, ND, 1912-1955

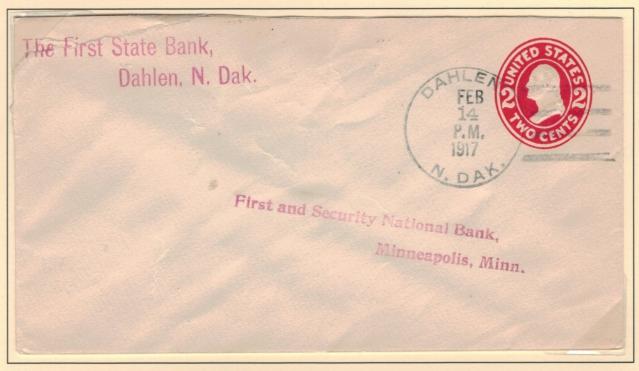
Skaar is a community in Loyal Twp., McKenzie Co., ND. It was named for local rancher Edward Skaar, born in Norway 1878 and came to the USA 1897. A population of 30 was reported in 1920. The Skaar, ND post office opened 1912 with Nancy Clements postmaster and closed 1955 with mail to Sidney, MT.



4-bar handstamp "SKAAR N.DAK. FEB 28 1955" on postcard to St. Paul, MN. 2¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1952 to 31 July 1958.

4a Homesteading in the Dakotas

Dahlen is a community in Nelson Co., ND. This Soo Line Railroad townsite and township were named for Elling N. Dahlen from Norway, who had settled here with his eight sons in 1881. The Dahlen, ND post office operated 1913-1983 with first postmaster George B. "Byron" Frost. A population of 200 was reported in 1920, down to 75 in 1960.



4-bar handstamp "DAHLEN N.DAK. FEB 14 1917" on letter to Minneapolis, MN. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Kongsberg, ND, 1916-1958

Kongsberg is a tiny near-ghost town in Olivia Twp., McHenry Co., ND. This village was founded in 1900 as Olivia on the Soo Line Railroad. When the post office was established 1916 with Rudolf Christiansen as postmaster, the name was changed to Kongsberg at the suggestion of local elevator manager I. L. Berg, taking the name from his hometown in Norway. The population never exceeded 50, and the post office closed 1958 with mail to Voltaire.



4-bar handstamp "KONGSBERG N.DAK. DEC 20 1919" on postcard to Toledo, OH. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1919 to 14 Apr 1925.

Norwegian Influence and Settlements throughout the USA

Some of the Norwegian smaller settlements were scattered throughout the United States and were separate from the main body of where Norwegians settled. There were many Norwegian immigrants in Michigan, Montana and Washington, and to a smaller degree also scattered over most of the United States.

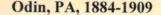
Immigrants sought opportunities for employment in farming, fishing, mining, construction, ocean and lake transportation, lumbering - any accustomed occupations.



Norway, PA, 1871-1906

Norway was a community in Chester Co., PA. Obviously named for Norway, but the reason is not found. The Norway, PA post office operated from 1871 until changing name to Rosedale 1906, closed 1967.

Cds "NORWAY PA JUN 7" (1873) on letter to Philadelphia, PA. 3¢ per ½ ounce 1 Jul 1863 to 30 Sep 1883.





Odin was a community in Potter Co., PA. The village was named after Odin, the principal god in Norse mythology. The post office opened 1884 with Edward Fournes postmaster. It closed 1909, superseded by rural delivery from Coudersport.

Manuscript postmark "Odin Pa March 23 86" on cover to Osceola, PA., pen ink cancellation on the postage stamp. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Exploring higher and wider Horizons

5

Scandia, post office in Warren Co., PA, established 1886 with Charles Forsberg as postmaster (b. Sweden). Scandia is both short for Scandinavia, and has the same root as Skåne, Sweden. Closed 1917, superseded by rural delivery to Russell.



4-bar handstamp "SCANDIA, WASH. NOV 22 1910" on postcard to Ridgway, PA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Nansen, PA, 1897-1911

Nansen was a community in Elk Co., PA. Fridtjof Nansen's 1893-1896 Fram expedition was an attempt by the Norwegian explorer to reach the geographical North Pole by harnessing the natural east—west current of the Arctic Ocean. Dr. Nansen became a world-class celebrity when being miraculously rescued after three years in the Arctic ice. The Nansen, PA post office was established 1897 with John W. Miller as postmaster and it seems quite possible that the post office was named for Norwegian polar explorer Fridtjof Nansen. It closed 1911 with mail to De Young.



4-bar handstamp "NANSEN, WASH. NOV 22 1910" on postcard to Ridgway, PA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Exploring higher and wider Horizons

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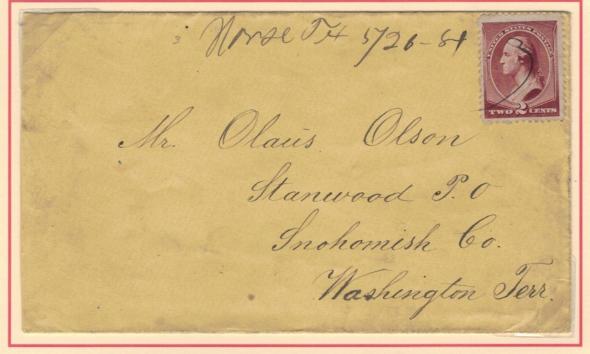
Prairieville, city in Kaufman Co., TX, established by Johan Reiersen (born Vestre Moland, Norway) and a portion of The Texas Norwegian Colony who transmigrated here from Henderson County in 1848. A post office was granted in 1854 and continued, with one short-lived closing, until 1954 – closing on its centennial, with mail to Mabank.



Cds "PRAIRIEVILLE TEX. JUL 10 1879" and target killer on letter to Stavanger, Norway. 5¢ per 15 grams for letters to UPU countries, 1 July 1875 to 1 Oct 1907.

Norse, TX, 1880-1929

Norse was a community in Bosque Co., TX, founded and named by Norwegian immigrant Ole Canuteson (1832 -1920), who had come to Bosque Co. 1854 with a small group of his countrymen led by Cleng Peerson, known as the father of Norwegian immigration. The Norse, TX post office opened 1880 with Ole R. Laugen as postmaster. Discontinued 1929 with mail to Clifton.



Manuscript postmark "Norse Tex 5/26-84" on letter to Vermont, IL. 2¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters 1 October 1883 to 30 June 1885.

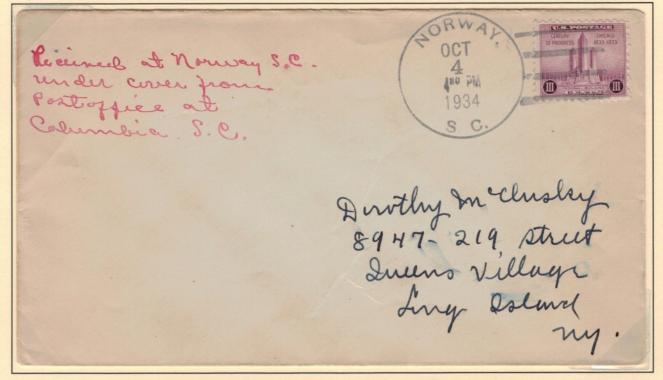
Walhalla is a mountain city in Oconee Co., SC. The name Walhalla comes from Valhalla, the hall of slain warriors in Norse mythology. The Walhalla, SC, post office opened 1853 and it is still in operation. The population was 3,801 at the 2000 census.



Manuscript postmark "Walhalla S.C. July 28" (1850's) on postal envelope to Pickens C.H., SC. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters for distances up to 3000 miles from 1 Jul 1851 to 30 Jun 1862.

Norway, SC, 1892-date

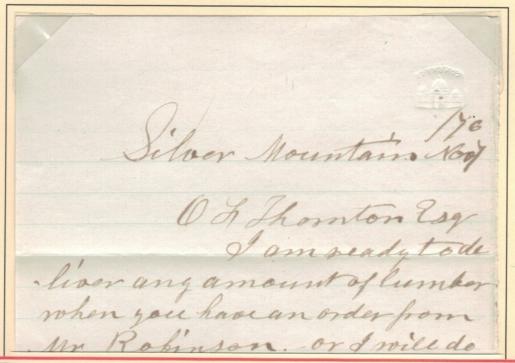
Norway, post office in Orangeburg Co., SC. Established as Stella, and changed name 1892 to Norway with Zachariah H. Kinard taking over as postmaster. The name change was suggested by the railway company. It is still in operation.



4-bar postmark "NORWAY, S.C. OCT 4 1934" on letter to Long Island, NY. 5¢/oz for domestic letters 6 July 1932 to 31 July 1958.

Rich silver deposits were discovered in Alpine Co., CA early in 1863; a mining town was established by Scandinavian miners and called Kongsberg after the silver mining town in Norway. The post office was established 1863 with the Germanized name Konigsberg and erroneously reported to be located in Washoe Co., NV. This was quickly corrected to Amador Co., CA and from 1864 it was in Alpine Co., CA. It soon became clear that there was more speculation than silver in the mines and most people left. The post office closed for two months in the summer of 1864 and changed name 1865 to Silver Mountain. Closed 1883 with mail to Silver Creek.

John 'Snowshoe' Thompson (Jon Torsteinson Rui from Tinn, Norway) carried mail between Silver Mountain, CA and Genoa, NV from July 1870 to June 1874. He was famous for using skis and having carried mail across the Sierra Nevada mountains in the winters 1856-1859.





Circular datestamp "SILVER MOUNTAIN CALIF. NOV" and killer postmark on postal envelope to Monitor, CA. Contents dated Nov 7 70, received Nov. 9th, 1870. 3¢ per ½ ounce for domestic letters 1 Jul 1865 to 30 Sep. 1883.

Exploring higher and wider Horizons

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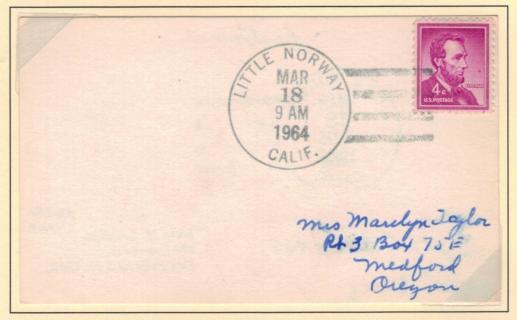
Sandberg is the name of a post office and small surrounding community that was attached to The Sandberg Lodge (originally Sandberg's Summit Hotel), located on the Ridge Route highway in the Sierra Pelona Mountains of Los Angeles Co., CA. It is named for Harald Sandberg, a native of Norway, who settled in the Antelope Valley with his brother, Albert, in 1882. The Sandberg, CA post office operated from 1918 with Harald Sandberg first postmaster, and closed 1944 with mail to Lake Hughes.



Violet 4-bar handstamp "SANDBERG CAL. JUL 27 1921" on postcard to Sacramento, CA. 1¢ for domestic letters 1 July 1919 to 14 April 1925.

Little Norway, CA, 1961-1986

The Vade, CA post office in El Dorado Co. was established 1912. The name was changed to Little Norway 1961 for unknown reasons. This is a small community high up in the Sierra Nevada mountains. The site consisted of a few houses with motels, a small post office, a restaurant and a few rental cabins in the forest and mountain area close by. The post office was discontinued from 1986 and was replaced by a Community Post Office; probably closed down after the fire in 1989, and the whole place closed after a new fire in 1991.



4-bar postmark "LITTLE NORWAY CALIF. MAR 18 1964" on postcard to Medford, OR. 4¢ for domestic postcards 7 Jan 1963 to 6 Jan 1968.

Otto, post office in Oceana Co., MI. Named for Otto Brady, born 1839 in Norway, the family name was Breda from Skoger near Drammen. He settled here 1850 with his three brothers. The Otto, MI post office opened 1864 with Elnathan J. Reed postmaster, was renamed Reed for him 1868, but was transferred to and renamed Ferry 1871, closed 1959.



Manuscript postmark "Otto Mich May 25 1867" on letter to Auburn, IN. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters 1 July 1863 to 30 Sept 1883.

Norway, MI, 1879-date

Norway is a city in Dickinson Co., Upper Peninsula, MI (prior to 1891 belonging to Menominee Co.). The city was named from a forest of Norway pines near the original town site. Red pine, Pinus resinosa, is also known as *Norway pine*. It is indigenous to North America, not Norway, but may have gotten this common name due to confusion with *Norway spruce* by original English colonists. Anton Odell platted this village in 1879, and same year the Ingolsdorf p.o. opened with Charles E. Knowlton postmaster. Later same year, the post office name was changed to Norway, and it is still in operation. The population was 2,845 at the 2010 census.



Circular datestamp and star-in-circle killer "NORWAY MICH FEB 1 1883" on letter to Calumet, MI. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters 1 July 1863 to 30 Sept 1883.

Amble, a small village in Winfield Twp., Montcalm Co., MI. The town was platted 1886, with a post office established the following year with Samuel N. Crandall, postmaster. It was named after the Reverend Ole Amble of the Danish Lutheran Church, born Sogndal, Norway, 1847. The post office closed 1953 with mail to Howard City. Amble Rural Station, Howard City, MI operated 1954-1967. At Amble's peak, it had a railway station, blacksmith, church, cider mill, creamery, depot, feed mill, two general stores, two hotels, a few lumber outlets, post office, produce store, real estate company, sawmill and tavern. All are gone except for the church.



4-bar handstamp "AMBLE, MICH. DEC 18 1907" on postcard to Stanwood, MI, also arrival handstamp. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Leer, MI, 1891-date

Leer is a community in Alpena Co., MI. Norwegian settlement here began in 1878, the area, known initially as Sunken Lake, was eventually renamed Leer, an homage to the area from which many of the community's founders emigrated, Lier, Buskerud, Norway. The Leer, MI post office opened 1891 with John Alfsen postmaster and it closed 1935 with mail to Posen.



4-bar handstamp "LEER, MICH.. DEC 17 1910" on postcard to Carsonville, MI. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Norway is a village and township in Republic Co., KS. The first settler here was Rasmus Rimol from Trondheim, Norway; the family name indicates connection to Melhus near Trondheim. The post office was established 1870 in J. G. McCathron's dugout, he was the first postmaster and first justice of the peace. The population of Norway Township was 492 in 1880, down to around 200 today. The post office closed 2008.



4-bar postmark "NORWAY KANS. JUN 28 1913" on postcard to Montrose, SD. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

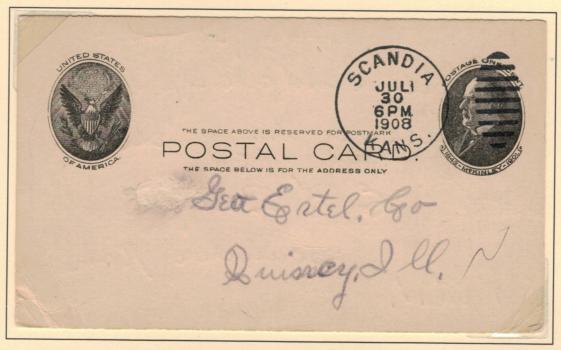
East Norway, KS, 1871-1894

The little Norwegian community of East Norway was established 1869 in Doniphan Co., KS. John Hoverson, born 1829 in Kristiansand, Norway, was the original landowner. A post office opened 1871, and name-change to Moray 1894, discontinued 1938.



Cds "EAST NORWAY KANS DEC 8 1879" on letter to Severance, KS. 3¢ per ½ oz for domestic letters 1 July 1863 to 30 Sept 1883.

The settlement of New Scandinavia, in Republic Co., KS was promoted after crop failures during the 1860s in Sweden. In 1868, the Scandinavian Agricultural Society of Chicago purchased 12 sections of land along the Republican River and formed a colony. The post office opened 1869. There were mainly Swedish settlers here. The name was changed to Scandia 1876; the new name was clearly derived from its original name. The post office is still in operation.



Duplex postmark "SCANDIA KANS. JULI 30 1908" on postal card to Quincy, IL. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.

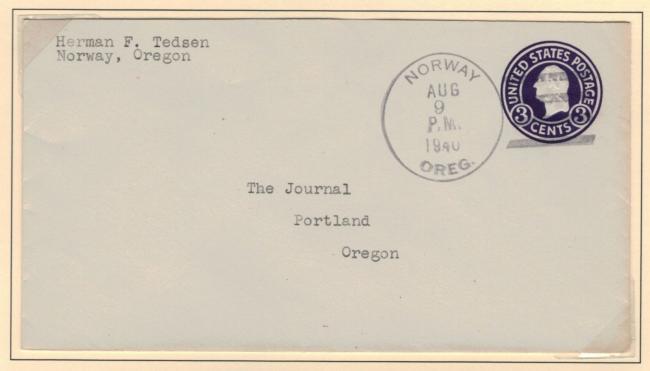
Valhalla, KS, 1903-1921

Valhalla was a community in Gove Co., KS. The reason for its name is not known. Valhalla is the hall of slain warriors in Norse mythology. The post office was established 1903 with Sarah E. Bentley postmaster, and it closed 1921 with mail to Pendennis.



Doane postmark (type 2, no. 1) "VALHALLA, KANS. MAY 15 1909" on postcard to Allendale, IL 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

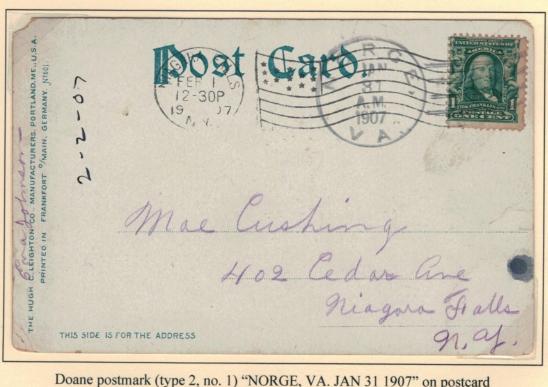
Norway is a community in Coos Co., OR. The locale got its name from Olaf Reed and Oden Nelson, Norwegians who settled there in the 1870s. Reed and Nelson started a general store in 1873. Reed was a former sea captain and like his brothers Edward and Hans, he also worked as a shipbuilder. Norway's post office was established 1876. There was also a Norway station on the Southern Pacific Coos Bay Line. The post office closed 2009 with mail to Myrtle Point.



4-bar handstamp "NORWAY OREG. AUG 9 1940" on cover to Portland, OR. 3¢/oz postage rate for domestic letters 6 July 1932 to 30 Jun 1958.

Norge, VA, 1904-date

Norge, community in James City Co., VA. "Norge" is the Norwegian spelling "Norway". Norge was formally established 1904 in western James City Co. by Norwegian-Americans and Scandinavians, with persons resettling from other places in North America joined by new immigrants. Land at Norge was reasonably priced and offered rich farmland in a gentler climate than that of the northern and Midwestern states, where some of the immigrants had originally settled upon coming America. A post office was established 1904 with John H. Nesseth postmaster, and it is still in operation.



Doane postmark (type 2, no. 1) "NORGE, VA. JAN 31 1907" on postcard to Niagara Falls, NY. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jul 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Gunderson, silver mine town in Silver Bow Co., MT. Established 1883 and named for Louis Gunderson, postmaster. He was born in Chicago, IL to Norwegian immigrant parents. The post office changed name to Meaderville 1903, and from 1908 a branch of Butte, MT.



Cover from "GUNDERSON MONT. DEC 17 1889" to Jersey City (NJ). Insufficiently addressed, advertised and held for better directions before being forwarded to dead letter office. 2¢/oz postage rate for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Java, MT, 1907-1913

Java is a ghost town in Richland Co., MT. It was named for its first postmaster Anton Jevnager, born 1874 in Norway, who owned a grocery and hardware store in the community when its post office was established 1907. The Java, MT post office closed 1913 with mail to Mondak.



4-bar handstamp "JAVA MONT. MAR 19 1910" on postcard to Newlon, MT. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

5 Exploring higher and wider Horizons

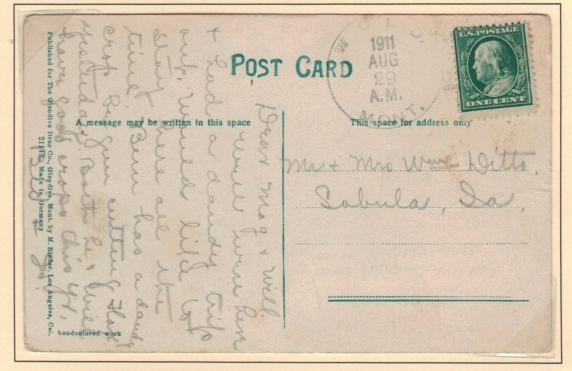
Holter, post office in Lewis & Clark Co., MT. Named for Anton M. Holter (1831-1921), Norwegian immigrant who started lumber industry in Montana 1863, hardware merchant in Helena, Territorial legislator 1878, State legislator 1889. The post office operated from 1908 with Albert J. Reed postmaster, and discontinued 1918 with mail to Wolf Creek.



4-bar postmark "HOLTER, MONT. MAR 28 1910" on postcard to Weehawken, NJ. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Wold, MT, 1909-1912

Wold, post office in Dawson Co., MT. In operation from 1909, named for first postmaster Richard A. Wold, born in Norway. Closed 1912 with mail to Bloomfield.

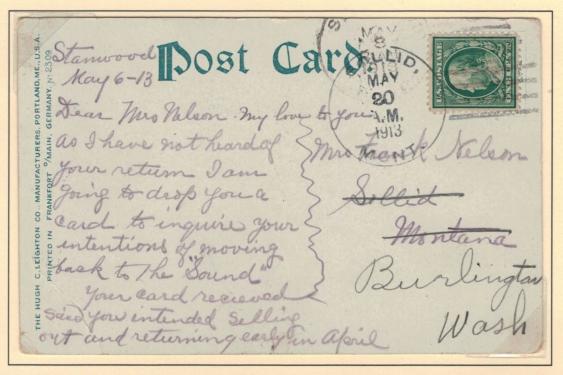


4-bar handstamp "WOLD, MONT. 1911 AUG 29" on postcard to Sabula, IA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Exploring higher and wider Horizons

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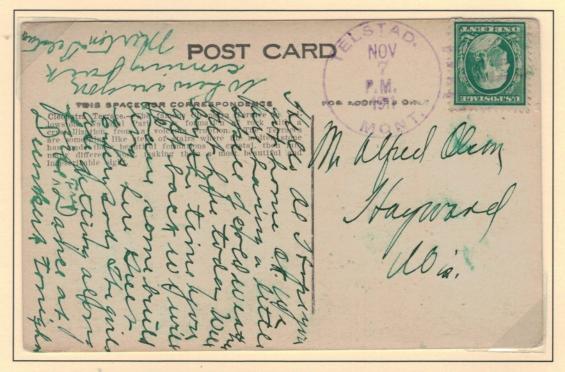
Sollid, a small community in Pondera Co., MT (prior to 1919 in Chouteau Co.). It was named for Norwegian-born land locator Sam Sollid. The Sollid, MT post office opened 1909 with Anton A. Dyrud first postmaster, and it closed 1917 with mail to Gates.



Postcard from Stanwood, WA to Sollid, MT, re-directed to Burlington, WA and 4-bar handstamp "SOLLID MONT. MAY 20 1913". 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

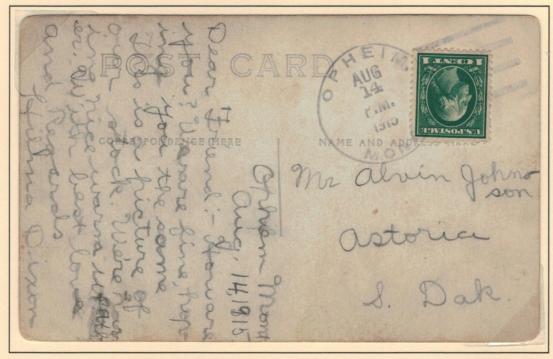
Telstad, MT, 1910-1935

Telstad, post office in Toole Co., MT (Chouteau Co. 1910-1912, Hull Co. 1912-1914), established 1910 and named for postmaster Ralph Telstad, born Norway 1861/62. Closed 1935 with mail to Dunkirk.



4-bar handstamp "TELSTAD, MONT. NOV 7 1911" on postcard to Hayward, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

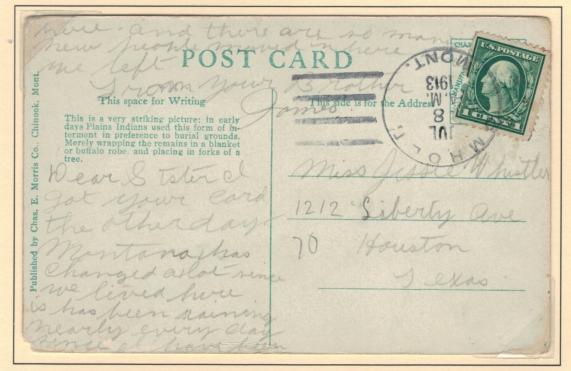
Opheim is a town in Valley Co., MT. It is named for Norwegian homesteaders Alfred and John Opheim, who began in 1910 with construction of the family's sod house. The place grew during the homestead boom, and Opheim went from a single dwelling to a community that supported a bank, several mercantile stores, a bakery, a lumberyard, and a saloon. The Opheim, MT post office opened 1910 with John P. Opheim postmaster and it is still in operation. The population was 85 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "OPHEIM MONT. AUG 14 1915" on postcard to Astoria, SD. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 20 1 Nov 1917.

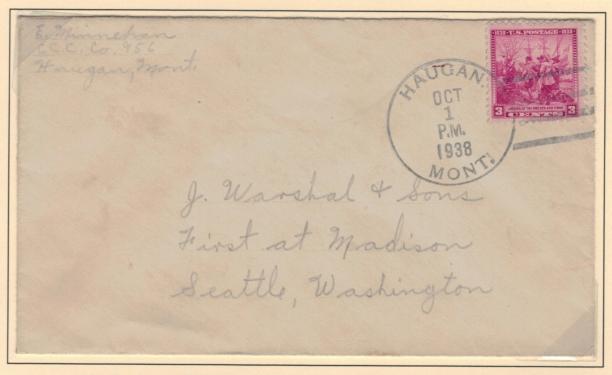
Omholt, MT, 1911-1918

Omholt, rural post office in Toole Co., MT. Named for postmaster Ole Omholt, born 1872 in Norway. The post office opened 1911, discontinued 1918 with mail to Fowler.



4-bar handstamp "OMHOLT, MONT, JUL 8 1913" on postcard to Houston, TX. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 20 1 Nov 1917.

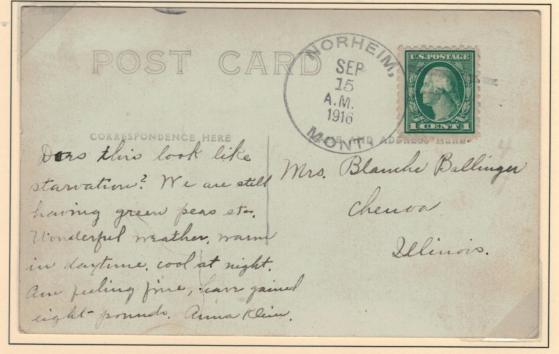
Haugan is a community in Mineral Co., MT. Haugan was named for Hauman G. Haugan, land commissioner for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. He was born 1840 in Christiania (now Oslo), Norway. The railroad founded Haugan as a pusher station, for adding extra engines to assist trains making the climb up to the tunnel at St. Paul Pass. The Haugan, MT post office opened 1911 with Lavina J. Emmert first postmaster. The post office closed in 1944, re-opened in 1948 and was converted to a contract post office from 1983.



4-bar handstamp "HAUGAN MONT. OCT 1 1938" on cover to Seattle, WA. 3¢/oz for domestic letters 6 July 1932 to 31 Dec 1957.

Norheim, MT, 1914-1935

Norheim, rural post office in Blaine Co., MT. Named by postmaster Halvor Groven, b. 1870 in Norway. The post office opened 1914 and closed 1935 with mail to Chinook.

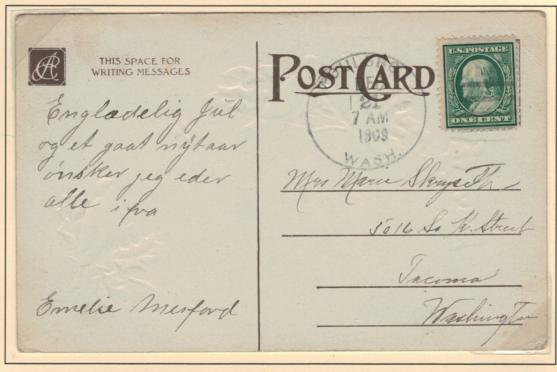


4-bar handstamp "NORHEIM, MONT, SEP 15 1916" on postcard to Chenoa, IL. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 20 1 Nov 1917.

Poulsbo is a fishing city in Kitsap Co., WA, founded by Norwegian immigrant Jorgen Eliason 1883 and settled by a large number of Norwegian and other Scandinavian immigrants because of its similarities to their native countries. In 1886, Iver Brynildsen Moe, one of the early Norwegian settlers, suggested that the town and post office should be named Paulsbo after the Norwegian village where Moe spent his early years (Paulsbo near Halden, Norway).

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The Poulsbo, WA post office opened 1886 with Iver B. Moe as postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 9,200 at the 2010 census.



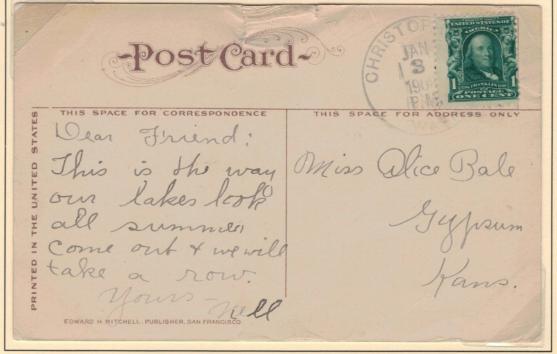
4-bar handstamp "POULSBO, WASH. DEC 21 1909" on postcard to Tacoma, WA.

The Christmas greeting is written in Norwegian.

1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Christopher, WA, 1887-1917

Christopher was a community in King County, Washington. It was named for postmaster Thomas Christopher from Norway. Christopher is located 20 miles south of Seattle within the future city limits of Auburn. The Christopher, WA post office operated 1887-1917.



4-bar handstamp "CHRISTOPHER, WASH. JAN 3 1908" on postcard to Gypsum, KS. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Everson is a city in Whatcom Co., WA. Everson was named for Ever Everson, born 1842 in Norway, he was the first white settler in the area. Everson was officially incorporated 1929. The Everson, WA post office opened 1891 with Iver B. Moe postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 2,481 at the 2010 census.



4-bar handstamp "EVERSON, WASH. NOV 22 1910" on postcard to Darien, WI. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Nordland, Jefferson Co., WA. The first settlement on Marrowstone Island was founded 1892 Peter F. Nordby, Norwegian immigrant. Nordby called the new town site 'Nordland'. Ironically, Peter Nordby never lived Marrowstone Island, but moved to Seattle, where he founded a ship supply business. The attraction to the Nordland area was the similarity of the land to the Norwegian fjords, the abundance of fish, and the cannery which once existed two miles north of Nordland. Most of the descendants of the families still live on the island. The Nordland, WA post office opened 1898 with Carl Norman postmaster, and it is still in operation. The population was 831 in 2019.

Nordland, WA, 1898-date



Cds "NORDLAND, WASH. MAR 22 1910" and target killer on postcard to Langley, WA. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Home Valley is a community in Skamania Co., WA. The name is a translation of the deity Heimdal from old Norse mythology. The name Heim Dal was applied for, but Homevalley (spelling in one word) was approved when the post office opened 1892 with John Kanikkeberg as postmaster (born 1851 at Kannikeberg, Øystese, Hardanger, Norway). It closed 1919 with mail to Carson.



4-bar handstamp "HOMEVALLEY, WASH. JUN 4 1908" on postcard to Portland, OR. The message is written in old-fashioned Norwegian. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

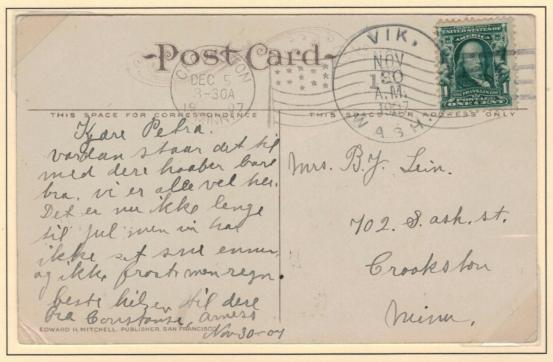
Home Valley, WA, 1922-1959

The post office was re-established 1922 as Home Valley, WA (in two words), and closed finally 1959 with mail to Stevenson.

Mrs. 71. E. Burke Thompsomille, Michigan

4-bar handstamp "HOME VALLEY, WASH. DEC 18 1931" on cover to Thompsonville, MI. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1919 to 5 July 1932.

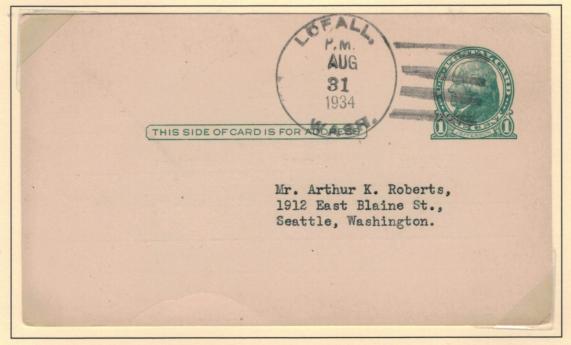
Vik, a small community in Wahkiakum Co., WA. It was named for Vik in Helgeland, Norway. The post office was established 1906 with Carrie (Karen) Bjorge as postmaster, the wife of Ole Adolf Waldemar Bjørge Rønning, originally from Ølsås, Vik in Helgeland. The post office closed 1909.



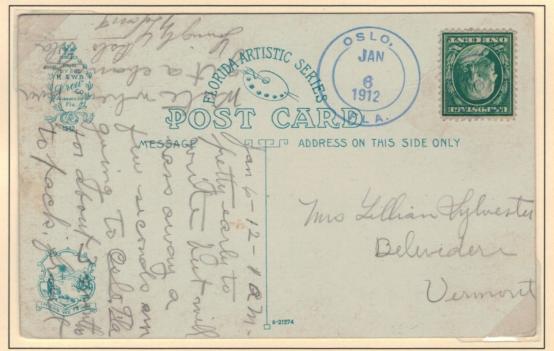
4-bar handstamp "VIK, WASH. NOV 20 1907" on postcard to Crookston, MN. The message is written in Norwegian. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Lofall, WA, 1912-1934

Lofall is a community in Kitsap Co., WA. The post office was established 1912 and named for postmaster John W. Lofall, who came from Løvfallstrand, Kvinnherad, Norway. Discontinued 1934 with mail to Poulsbo. In 2010, Lofall had a population of 2,289.



4-bar handstamp "LOFALL, WASH. AUG 31 1934" on postal card to Seattle, WA. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 12 May 1873 to 1 Nov 1917.



2-ring handstamp "OSLO, FLA. JAN 6 1912" on postcard to Belvidere, VT. 1¢ for domestic postcards 12 May 1873 to 31 Dec 1951.

First settled circa 1883, Oslo was established by some of Indian River Co.'s first pioneers, which included the Helseth, Gifford, and Hallstrom families. The area was given the name Oslo by the Helseth family, named for Oslo, which prior to 1925 was the Old Town of Kristiania, the capital of Norway.

The post office opened 1898 with Ole O. Helseth post-master. It closed 1919 with mail to Vero.

Viking, FL, 1898-1919

The Viking village in Saint Lucie Co. was first settled 1892 by a major B. Daniels who established a pineapple plantation. Soon the majority who lived here were from Scandinavia. A post office was in operation from 1898 with Andrew Ericksen postmaster, and name-change to Indrio from 1919, closed 1933. Named for the Norse Vikings.



4-bar handstamp "VIKING, FLA. JUN 9 1910" on letter to Ravenswood, WV. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jul 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

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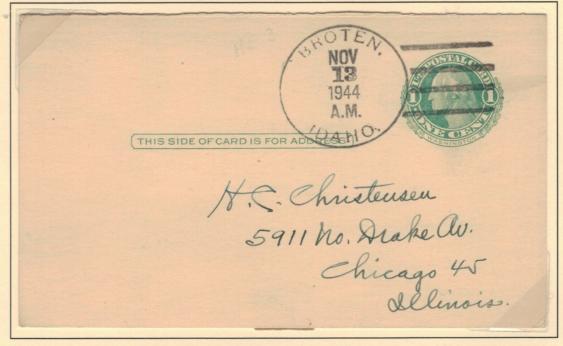
Nordman is a community in Bonner Co., ID. It was named for John Nordman (1858-1938), a Norwegian who was a highly respected benefactor of the tiny community established in the area. The Nordman, ID post office opened 1915 with Barbara M. Seymour first postmaster, and it is still in operation.



4-bar handstamp "NORDMAN IDAHO AUG 25 1954" on postcard to Des Moines, IA. 2¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1952 to 31 Jul 1958.

Broten, ID, 1916-1954

Broten, post office in Bonner Co., ID, established 1916 with Henry M. Peterson postmaster. He was born 1858 in Iowa to Norwegian immigrant parents. His father carried the name Hans Pedersen Lovbraaten from Jaren, Oppland, Norway and Lovbraaten (Løvbråten) is the origin of the Brooten post office name. Discontinued 1954 with mail to Sandpoint.



4-bar handstamp "BROTEN, IDAHO. NOV 12 1944" on postal card to Chicago, IL. 1¢ for domestic postal cards 1 Jul 1928 to 31 Dec 1951.

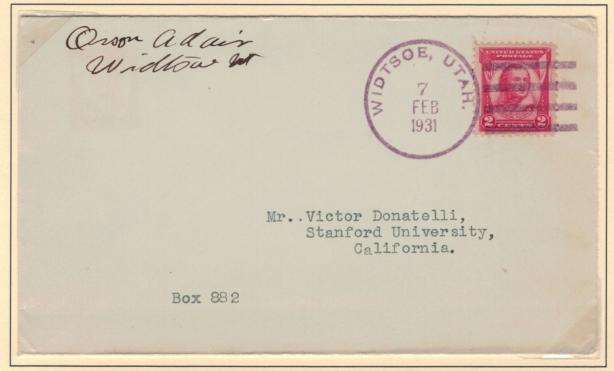
Norge is a town in Grady Co., OK. *Norge* is the Norwegian spelling of *Norway*. A post office with name Norden was established here 1908, with Anfin Ersland postmaster. It changed name to Norge later the same year, same postmaster. The Norge, OK post office closed in 1954. The population was 82 at the 2000 census.



4-bar handstamp "NORGE, OKLA. JUN 9 1911" on postcard to Eureka, KS. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Widtsoe, UT, 1917-1937

Widtsoe, post office in Garfield Co., UT. Named for John A. Widtsoe, author, scientist and academic, born 1872 on the island of Frøya in Sør-Trøndelag, Norway. The post office opened 1917 with Carel H. Mangum postmaster, and it was discontinued 1937 with mail to Escalante.



4-bar handstamp "WIDTSOE, UTAH. 7 FEB 1931" on letter to Stanford University, CA. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1919 to 5 July 1932.

Petersburg is a community within Petersburg Borough on Mitkof Island in southern Alaska. In the nineteenth century, Peter Buschmann, a Norwegian immigrant, settled here, building a cannery, sawmill, docks and early structures.

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The settlement was named Petersburg after him, and it flourished as a fishing port. The Petersburg, AK post office opened 1900 with Christian H. Buschmann first postmaster and is still in operation. In 2009 the population was 2,824.



4-bar handstamp "PETERSBURG, ALASKA DEC 17 1911" on postcard to Erskin, MN.

The Christmas greeting is written in Norwegian.

1¢ for domestic postcards 1 July 1898 to 1 Nov 1917.

Dahl, AK, 1905-1913

Dahl was a mining community on the Seward Peninsula, some 120km north of Nome, AK, and most probably named for miner Conrad (Konrad) Dahl, born 1863 Trondheim, Norway. He emigrated 1882, lived in Tacoma, WA where he worked in the mining industry and after some time joined the gold rush in Alaska. Dahl and Dahl Creek are small gold mines nearby. A post office was established 1905 with John A. White as postmaster. It was discontinued 1913 with mail to Shelton.



Doane handstamp (type 3, no. 1) "DAHL, ALASKA MAR 23 1909" on cover to Chicago, IL. 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 July 1885 to 1 Nov 1917.

Opportunities in Canada

A few Norwegian immigrants came to Canada in the colonial period. Gradually, Norwegian settlements grew in Canada, and immigrants made their way across the border after a stay in the U.S. Midwest, or they came directly from Norway. Significant Norwegian immigration took place from the mid-1880s to 1930. The Canadian prairies were the hub of the Norwegian settlements.

Norway House, MB, 1904-date

Norway House, a community north of Lake Winnipeg in Selkirk, Manitoba. In 1816, Lord Selkirk sent out a band of Norwegians who had been hired to build a road from York Factory to Lake Winnipeg and a series of supply posts. They were ex-prisoners-of-war, sailors who had been captured by the British during the blockade on supply lines between Norway and Denmark. They built Norway House which became an important establishment of the Hudson's Bay Company for most of the 19th century, serving as a major depot.

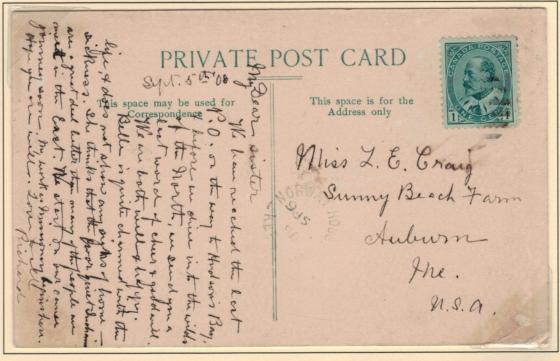
Norway House post office was established 1904. It is still in operation. The population is around 5,000.

Norway House was in District of Keewatin until 1912 when the area was adjoined to the Province of Manitoba.

"NORWAY HOUSE, KEEWATIN 08 SP 6" cds on postcard to U.S.A.

1¢ post card rate domestic and to the United States from 1 June 1871 (for postal cards issued by the department).

"Private post cards" were permitted from 1 Jan 1895, and the rate was valid until 14 April 1915.



Norway Bay, QC, 1902-1971

Norway Bay, post office in Pontiac, Quebec.

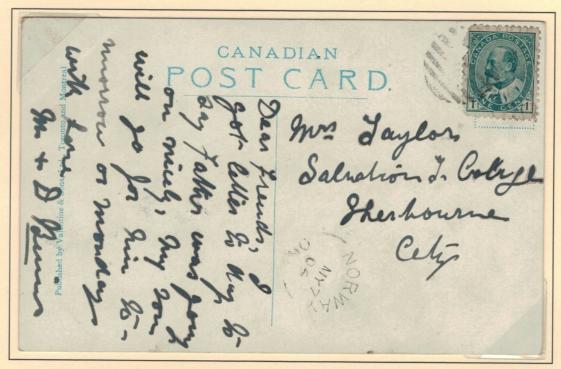
Established 1902 with the Reverend J.A. MacFarlane as postmaster.

It was obviously named for Norway, but the reason is not found. Summer post office for at least part of its operational life, and closed 1971.

"NORWAY BAY QUE. DE 12 42", on postcard to Cummings Bridge, ON. 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1895 to 14 Apr 1915.



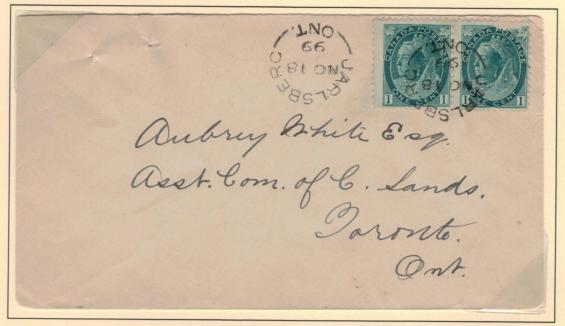
Norway, post office in York, ON. York is a former city within the current city of Toronto, located northwest of Old Toronto. The Norway post office was established 1866 with John E. Winnett as postmaster. There is no evidence of Norwegian settlement in the area. Rather, the name likely comes from the Norway Pines that dominated the region, and whose harvesting was one of the main industries for the community. From 1907 called Toronto Sub Office #4..



"NORWAY ONT. MY 7 06", on postcard to Sherbourne, City (i.e. Toronto). 1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1895 to 14 Apr 1915.

Jarlsberg, ON, 1880-1969

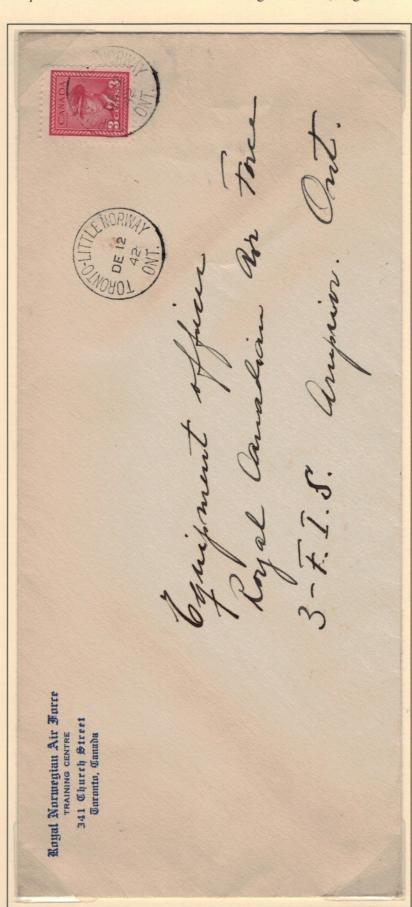
Jarlsberg, community in Parry Sound – Muskoka, ON. Norwegian settlers came here in the 1860s. It was named for Jarlsberg and Larvig County in Norway. Jarlsberg had a Norwegian congregation. The post office was established 1880 with Michael Johnson postmaster. Closed 1969.



"JARLSBERG, ONT. NO 18 99", on letter to Toronto, ON. Postage rate 2¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Jan 1899 to 14 April 1915.

Little Norway was a Norwegian Army Air Service / Royal Norwegian Air Force training camp in Ontario 1940-1945. The post office opened 1941 as Toronto - Little Norway, located at Toronto Island Airport with Capt. Paul Borresen postmaster.

The post office moved March 1943 with the training camp from Toronto to Muskoka in Central Ontario. The training continued at Muskoka until February 1945, when the camp was moved to the air base at Winkleigh in Devon, England.



"TORONTO-LITTLE NORWAY, ONT. DE 12 42", on letter from Royal Norwegian Air Force to Arnprior, ON.

Postage rate 2¢/oz and 1¢ war tax for domestic letters 1 Jul 1931 to 31 Mar 1943.

Asker, post office in Red Deer, Alberta. Established 1900 with Erlend Anton Krefting postmaster. He was born 1899 at Skaugum, Asker, Norway. He immigrated to the United States in 1887 and came to Canada 1899. The post office closed 1915.



"ASKER ALTA. ?? ?? 11", on postcard to Calgary, Alta. On reverse "CALGARY, ALTA. MAR 27 1911".

1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1895 to 14 April 1915.

New Norway, AB, 1903-date

New Norway, post office in Battle River, Camrose, Alberta. The post office was established 1903 with Even O. Olstad postmaster. He was born 1867 at Ringsaker, Norway and named the post office for his home country. It is still in operation.



"NEW NORWAY ALTA DE 20 10", on postcard to Spokane, WA, USA. 1¢ for postcards to the United States 1 Jan 1875 to 14 April 1915.

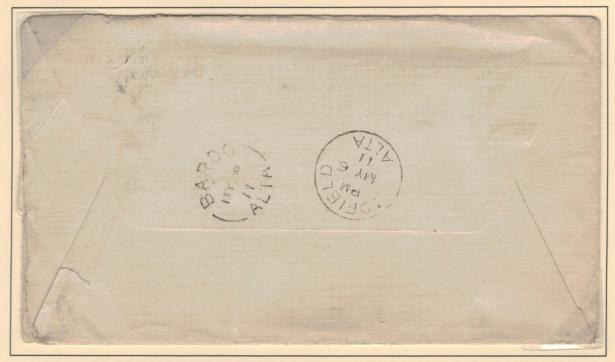
Molstad, post office in Strathcona, AB. Established 1904, named by and for its postmaster Olaf Molstad, he came from Molstad, Gran, Norway. The post office changed name 1907 to Bawlf.



"MOLSTAD ALTA. MR 21 07", on cover to Nevada City, CA, U.S.A. 3¢/oz for letters to the United States 1 Jan 1899 to 15 Apr 1915.

Bardo, AB, 1904-1914

Bardo, post office in Strathcona, AB. The post office opened 1898 as Northern, name-change to Bardo 1904 with Andrew Finseth as postmaster and named after their home in the Norwegian county of Troms, Bardo (now Bardu). People from that community had established their first settlement in Minnesota's Red River Valley in 1876. Almost 20 years later they became a part of a larger migration from the Upper Midwest into Canada's prairie provinces. The post office closed 1914.



"BARDO ALTA. MY 8 11", as receiving postmark on letter from Crookston, MN, USA. 2¢ for letters to ½ oz to Canada (domestic rates), 1 Oct 1883 to 2 Nov 1917.

6

Bergen, post office in Red Deer, West Calgary, Alberta. Established 1907 with J.T. Johanneson as postmaster. It was named by Norwegian homesteaders, undoubtedly for the city of Bergen, Norway. The post office closed 1970.



"BERGEN ALTA. MY 8 65", on postcard sent as printed matter to Vermilion, Alta. 3¢ for domestic printed matter up to 2 ounces, 1 April 1964 to 31 October 1968.

Viking, AB, 1907-date

Viking, town in Battle River, Camrose, Alberta. Sivert Hafso and Ole Sorenson from Norway were early settlers. The post office was established 1907 as Harland with Basil Hilliker postmaster. Changed name 1909 to Viking, named for the Norse Vikings. Still in operation.



"VIKING ALBERTA 6 II 50", on air letter to England. 10¢ for air letters to U.K. Feb. 1946 to 30 June 1953.

Norbo, post office in Athabasca, AB. The name Norbo was chosen by the Scandinavians who settled the area and was derived from *Nor* (Nord), meaning 'North', and *bo*, meaning 'to live'. The post office was established 1908 with H.J. (Hjalmar) Bjorge postmaster. He was born 1876 in Minnesota to Norwegian immigrant parents. Closed 1911.



"NORBO ALTA FE 11 10", on postcard to Herreid, SD, U.S.A. 1¢ for postcards to the United States from 1 Jan 1875 to 15 Apr 1915.

Sundre, AB, 1909-date

Sundre, post office in Mountain View, AB. Established 1909 with N.T. Hagen as postmaster and named for Søndre, Ål, Hallingdal, Norway. It is still in operation.



"SUNDRE ALBERTA AP 25 11", on postcard to Jersey, Channel Islands. 2¢ for postcards to UPU countries 1 Apr 1879 to 14 April 1915.

6

Comrey, post office in Medicine Hat, AB. Est. 1910, the name was an acronym of the names of the first six homesteaders in the district: Columbus Larson, Ole Roen, Mons Roen (brother of Ole), Sam Rolfson, John Evenson (brother-in-law of Larson) and Edward Yeager. Several of these were Norwegian. Columbus Larson, born approx. 1855 in Wisconsin to Norwegian immigrant parents, was first postmaster. Closed 1968. Columbus, ND and Larson, ND were also named for Columbus Larson.



"COMREY ALTA MY 3 10", on postcard to U.S.A. 1¢ for postcards to U.S.A., 1 Jan 1895 to 14 Apr 1915.

Oyen, AB, 1912-date

Oyen, post office in Acadian, AB. In 1908 Andrew Oyen, of Norwegian descent, walked from Spokane, Washington to the Oyen district where he took up a homestead. The Canadian Northern Railway purchased land from Andrew for the town site. In the fall of 1912, the railway arrived in Oyen and in 1913, Oyen incorporated as a village. The post office was established 1912, named by and for its postmaster Andrew Oyen. It is still in operation.



"OYEN ALTA SE 3 13", on postcard to U.S.A. 1c postcard rate to U.S.A. from 1 Jan 1895 to 14 Apr 1915.

Thorhild, post office in Victoria/Athabaska, AB. Established 1914 with J. Jardy, Jr. as postmaster. There are two theories for the name: Thor's Hill (the Norse deity Thor). Alternatively named for *an early settler of Scandinavian descent*. Still in operation.



"THORHILD, ALBERTA 46 MY 7", on letter to Toronto, ON. Postage rate 4c for letters to 1 ounce, from 1April 1943 to 31 March 1954.

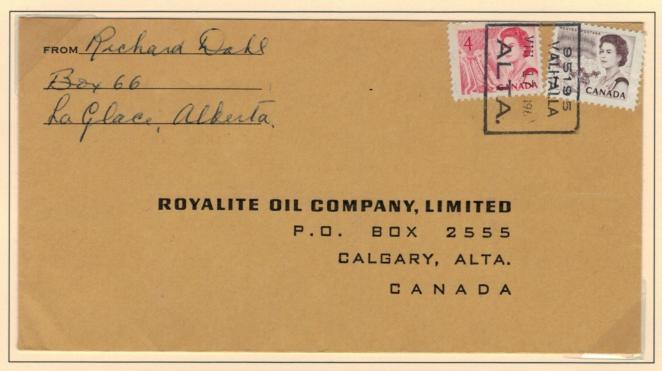
Norway Valley, AB, 1923-1947

Norway Valley, post office in Athabasca, AB. Established 1923 with Knut Vinge as postmaster (b. 1853, Vinje, Telemark, Norway). He named the post office for his home country. Closed 1947.



"NORWAY VALLEY, ALTA. OC 28 33", on letter to Edmonton, AB. 3¢ for domestic letters to 1oz, from 1 Jul 1931 to 1 Apr 1934.

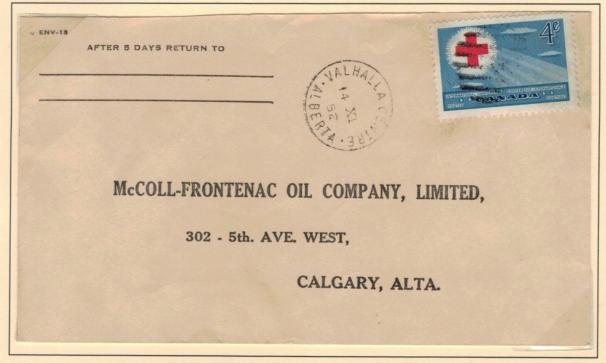
Valhalla, post office in Peace River, West Edmonton, AB. Established 1916 with Guy R. Owen as postmaster. The name was proposed by the Rev. Halvor N. Ronning (Rønning), a Lutheran minister born Bø, Telemark, who established this place where a number of Norwegians settled. Valhalla is the hall of slain warriors in Norse mythology. Closed 1970.



"VALHALLA, ALTA. VIII 17 196(?)", on letter to Calgary, AB. 5¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Apr 1954 to 31 Oct 1968.

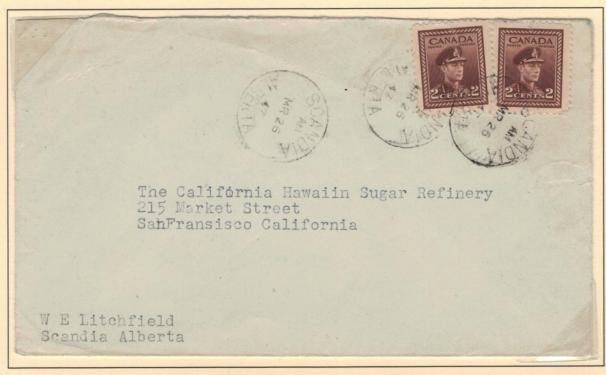
Valhalla Centre, AB, 1923-c.2000

Valhalla Centre, post office in Peace River, West Edmonton, AB. Established 1923 with Olaf Horte as postmaster. See above for meaning of Valhalla. Closed c.2000.



"VALHALLA CENTRE ALBERTA 14 XI 52", on letter to Calgary, AB. 4¢ for domestic letters to 1oz, from 1 April 1943 to 31 March 1954.

Scandia, post office in Medicine Hat, AB, established 1924 with John L. Johnson postmaster. There were many Scandinavian settlers and a Norwegian congregation. A Swede from Scandia, MN had the place-name changed from Uppland to Scandia which is both short for Scandinavia, and it has the same root as Skåne, Sweden. The post office is still in operation.



"SCANDIA ALBERTA MR 25 47", on letter to San Francisco, CA, U.S.A. 4¢ for letters to 1oz to the United States, from 1 April 1943 to 31 March 1954.

Bodo, AB, 1928-2000

Bodo, post office in Acadia, Battle River, AB. Established 1928 with John Stouse as postmaster and named for the city of Bodø, Norway. Discontinued c.2000.



"BODO AB 21 IX 1979", on letter to High Level, AB. 17¢ per 30 g for domestic letters from 1 Apr 1979 to 31 Dec 1981.

Hagensborg, town in Coast Chilcotin, Skeena, British Columbia. In 1894, some 100 Norwegian colonists journeyed from Minnesota to the Bella Coola Valley and founded a settlement first called Kristiania, then Hagensborg, named for Hagen Christensen, an early Norwegian settler. The post office started as Bella Coola 1895 with Thore Thorson as postmaster, and in 1900 changed name to Hagensborg. Still in operation. Its census population in 2006 was 248.



"HAGENSBORG, B.C. MY 5 01", on postcard to U.S.A. 1¢ for postcards to U.S.A. 1 Jan 1895 to 14 Apr 1915.

Engen, BC, 1919-c.2014

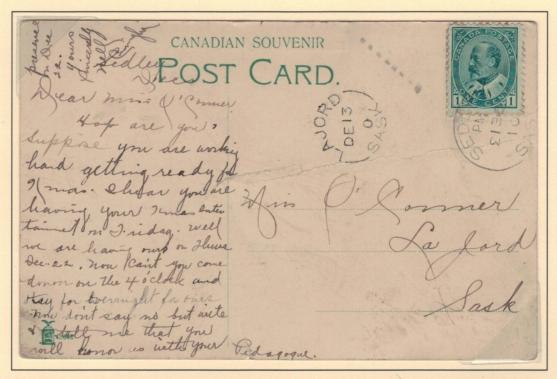
Engen, a small populated place in the Nechako Valley, British Columbia, named for Fred Engen, early pioneer. The Engen post office started 1919 with C.F. Barkman postmaster. Closed (unknown year 2014-2021?). Fredrik Engen, born 1863 Nesna, Nordland, Norway, emigrated to USA and came 1902 to Saskatchewan, farmer, land agent, was April 1918 with the party of Mennonites from Saskatchewan who ventured westwards to BC to settle in the Braeside area, west of Vanderhoof. Fred Engen travelled 1919 to Paraguay on behalf of the Mennonite migration project. He died 1929 in Paraguay.



"ENGEN, B.C. 2 IV 64", on postcard to Vancouver, BC. 5¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Apr 1954 to 31 Oct 1968.

Lajord, post office in Qu'Appelle, SK. Established 1905 with Iver O. Berg as postmaster.

Named for a Lajord family from Norway. Still in operation.



"SEDLEY SASK DE 13 10", on postcard to Lajord, arrival "LAJORD SASK DE 13 10".

1¢ for domestic postcards 1 Jan 1895 to 14 Apr 1915.

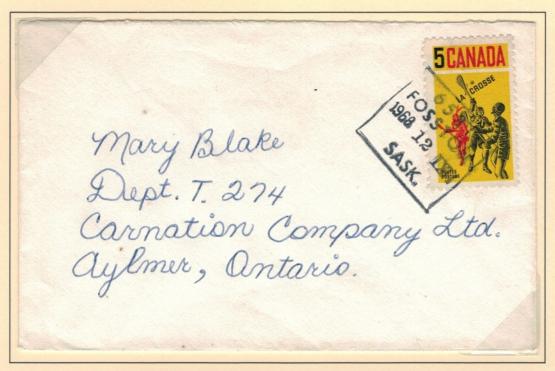
Stenen, SK, 1906-date

Stenen, post office in Mackenzie, SK, established 1906 and named for Johannes (John) Amundsen Stenen who moved here from North Dakota the same year. He gave land for the town provided it received his name. He moved to California in 1923. The post office is still in operation.



"STENEN SASK FE 11 90", on cover to Kansas City, MO, U.S.A. 3¢/oz for letters to the United States 8 May 1889 to 1 Jan 1899.

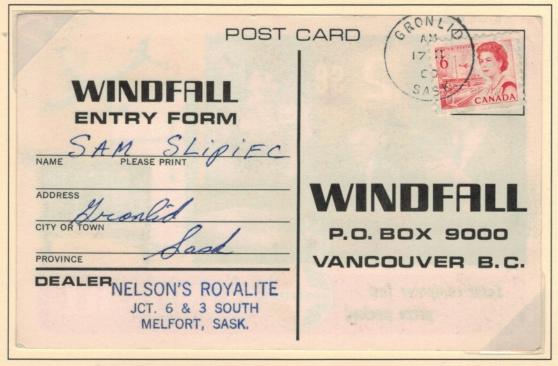
Fosston, post office in Mackenzie, SK. Established 1911 with Oscar Rustad (born c.1887 in the U.S. to Norwegian immigrant parents) as postmaster. Named for Fosston MN wich was named for Louis Foss (1849–1920), immigrant from Norway. Closed (unknown year 1977-2020).



"FOSSTON SASK. 1968 12 IX", on letter to Aylmer, ON. 5¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Apr 1954 to 31 Oct 1968.

Gronlid, SK, 1928-date

Gronlid, post office in Humboldt – Melfort, SK. Established 1928 with William Henry Hamilton as postmaster. It was named for the Rev. Hjalmar Oliver Gronlid (the Norwegian family name is Grønlid), who established the Beaver Creek Lutheran congregation in the district in 1912. Still in operation.



"GRONLID SASK 17 II 69", on postcard to Vancouver BC.

The postcard rate was abolished from 1 Nov 1968; rate as for letters: 6¢ from 1 Nov 1968 to 30 June 1971.

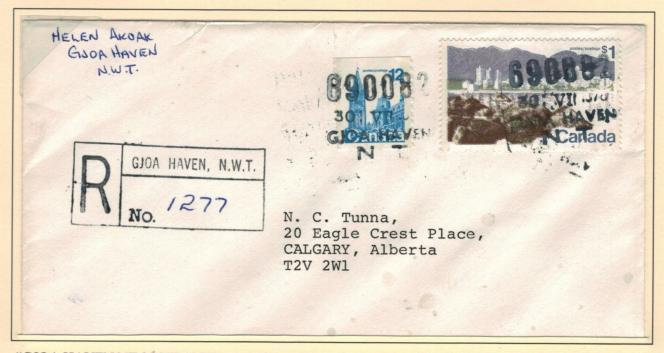
Grise Fiord is an Inuit hamlet on Ellesmere Island, Nunavut territory. The name is *pig fjord* in Norwegian. Otto Sverdrup from Norway named it so during an expedition around 1900 because he thought the walrus in the area sounded like pigs. The settlement at Grise Fiord is the northernmost public community in Canada. The post office was established 1956 and it is still in operation. The population was 129 in 2016.



"GRISE FIORD NWT 3 OC 60", on air mail printed matter to Germany. 2¢ per 4oz for international printed matter and 8¢ air mail fee from 2 Apr 1951 to 31 Mar 1964.

Gjoa Haven, NU, 1971-date

Gjoa Haven is an Inuit hamlet on King William Island in Nunavut. The Norwegian explorer Roald Amundsen had entered the area on his ship Gjøa in an expedition intending to travel through the Northwest Passage, and he was was here 1903-1905. The post office was established 1971 with Kekertak Co-op. Assoc. serving as postmaster. It is still in operation. At the 2016 census, the population was 1,324.



"GJOA HAVEN NT 30 VII 1978", on registered letter to Calgary, AB. 14¢ for domestic letters per 30g and 125¢ registration fee from 1 Apr 1978 to 31 Mar 1979. Correctly paid for the rate up to 31 Mar 1978.

Farthest North - Farthest South - Conclusion

Isachsen, NU, 1948-1978

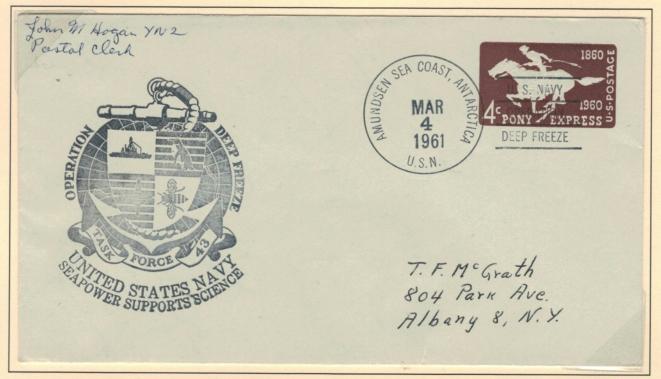
Isachsen, on Ellef Ringnes Island, in the territory of Nunavut. This remote Arctic research-weather station was named after the Norwegian explorer of the Arctic, Gunnar Isachsen. The post office was established 1948 with Cecil William Farrow postmaster, making it the northernmost location in this survey of Norway-connected post offices in USA and Canada. The post office closed 1978 when the station closed due to its high cost of operation.

"ISACHSEN N.W.T. 11 VI 50", on letter to Toronto, ON.
4¢ for domestic letters to 1oz, 1 April 1943 - 31 March 1954.



Amundsen Sea Coast, Antarctica, 1961

A one-day post office in the Amundsen Sea was established on March 4, 1961 on board the USS Glacier and USS Staten Island which took part in Operation Deep-Freeze, a U.S. mission to Antarctica. It was named for Norwegian polar explorer Roald Amundsen; the southernmost North American Norway-related post office.



"AMUNDSEN SEA COAST, ANTARCTICA MAR 4 1961", on postal envelope to Albany, NY. 4¢/oz for domestic letters 1 Aug 1958 to 6 Jan 1963.